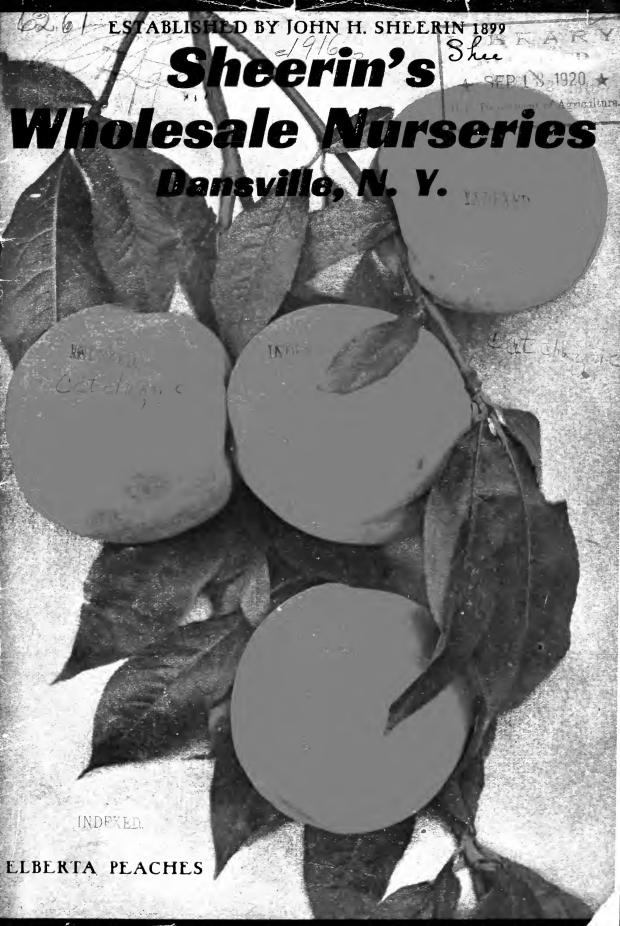
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





INTRODUCTION

In presenting you with my Annual Catalogue, I wish to thank my many patrons for the liberal patronage extended to me in the past and assure them that all orders in the future entrusted to me will have the same careful attention as heretofore. To my old customers I need no introduction but for those who have never dealt with me I wish to say that

J. H. Sheerin's is the Oldest Retail Nursery in Dansville

and has been established for fifteen years which has enabled me to secure the confidence and good will of the people who are my patrons.

J. H. Sheerin, the First Nurseryman in Dansville to Sell Direct to the Planter at Wholesale Price

And honest treatment of my customers is the foundation of the steady growth of my business. If you entrust your order with me, every Tree, Plant or Vine in your order will pass through my hands, and not one of hired help who has only his day's wages at stake, as is the case when buying elsewhere.

J. H. Sheerin's Fresh Dug Trees Please His Patrons And Are Superior to the Poorly Kept Storage Trees

All trees and plants sold by me are as far as possible fresh dug, hence the very bes obtainable, and if you favor me with your order, if it be large or small, I will give you no cause to regret it and will personally make every effort to hold you as one of my customers.

J. H. Sheerin's Trees Made Dansville Famous

The Secret of My Success is this: My trees and prices are right; my customers are satisfied customers; they are my friends, see the list of them in this catalogue and write them.

Our Guarantee

We guarantee all stock to be up to size and grade specified or better, to be in good condition and carefully packed. This guarantee holds good only when prompt notification on arrival of stock is sent us, stating plainly any errors or cause of complaint. We guarantee all stock to be true to label, and hold ourselves ready at all times in case any of our stock does not prove true to replace it with other stock, but it is mutually agree that we are not liable for damages beyond this. Right here let us say if you cannot getrees true to name from the grower, how can you expect to get them true from the maj whose nursery consists merely of a fancy office and a cold storage.

To Agents, Jobbers and Dealers

Every year we receive hundreds of letters, from people stating that they wish to ac as agents for us. We employ no agents, this catalogue is our only agent. We sell to agents and others who wish to buy. We have hundreds of agents who buy their trees cous, we bill up each one of their customers orders for them, the each order separately place tag with customers name on each package, box all and ship as directed. When goods reach destination agent has but to hand each one of his customers their package For this we make no extra charge.

Contract Grown Trees

Sheerin's trees are never grown on contracts by cheap nurserymen here and there wherever the cheapest man is found. We grow our own trees and we know what we are growing.

My References:

Any business man in Dansville. Merchants and Farmers National Bank, Dansvill N. Y. Citizens Bank of Dansville, N. Y. Thousands of satisfied customers located every State in the Union.

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N.Y

Demand for their Trees Growing from Year to Year

In presenting you with this, our sixteenth annual catalog, we wish to thank our many patrons for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, and assure them that all orders intrusted to us in the future will have the same careful attention as heretofore.

To our old customers we need no introduction, but for those who have never dealt with us we wish to say that sixteen years ago we sent out our first catalog and sold our stock direct to the planter.

It is needless to mention that the nursery business of Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries of this village has steadily grown from year to year, since established in the year 1899 by Mr. J. H. Sheerin. The business has now reached such proportions that it is necessary for the firm to bend every effort to make the supply equal to the demand for their trees. Our answer for the above is, the trees shipped have proved true to name, have been of that vigorous growth that has given fame to the nursery business in the Genesee Valley.

Honest treatment of our customers is the foundation of our business. If you have never done business with us, ask your neighbor about us, he doubtless has, and we are willing that he should say whether or not we are what we claim to be. Business cannot be successfully carried on for a term of years without the confidence and good will of the people who are its patrons.

If you make your purchase direct from the grower you save the middle man's profit, are also less liable to mistakes that occur when buying through the jobber or dealer. Deal direct with the man who grows the stock and save disappointment later. The secret of our success is this: our goods are the best, our prices are right, our customers are pleased, they are our friends. They take pleasure in showing their friends and neighbors our stock and catalog, and the result is that our old customers bring new ones, and once a customer always one.

Our patrons are scattered throughout the United States and far into the Dominion of Canada.

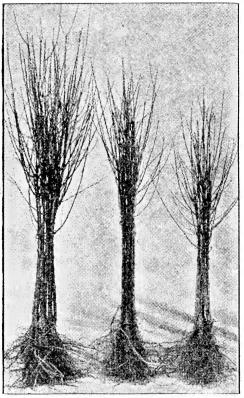
Sheerins Wholesale Nurseries Dansville, N. Y.

THIS CATALOGUE OUR ONLY SALESMAN

In buying fruit trees, it is best to steer clear of agents, with plausible stories of wonderful quality and yield. Some nursery agents are honest and conscientious, but so many are not, that it is difficult to separate the sheep from the goats. The best way is to make your selection of varieties and send and get your trees direct from the grower, who is in a position to supply you first class trees and plants, at 50% less than the price asked by tree agents.

SHIPPING SEASON

Showing three grades of 2 year Apple Trees



Extra Size Trees 6 to 7 Feet

First Class Trees 5 to 6 Feet

Orchard Size Trees 4 to 5 Feet

The Song of Sheerin's Trees

List to the Song of Sheerin's trees, Around the world they catch the breeze, To east, to west, by ship and car, To southern cross, and northern star.

In fruit, in foliage, in health, The noble's pride, the yeoman's wealth, A hundred thousand value clear, Are sold by Sheerin's in a year.

May Sheerin's ever take the lead For care and honesty they heed, From tropic clime to polar seas, Long live the fame of Sheerin's trees. —From a satisfied customer,

J. J. Hollenbeck.

We pack and ship all winter to Southern states. Our regular Spring packing and shipping season usually opens here about the first of April, and continues into the month of May. The planting season is not regulated by any particular month or day, nor by the state of vegetation where the planting is to be done, but by the condition of the trees to be planted. Hence, trees can be sent with safety from Dansville, N. Y., to localities several degrees south, even if they do not arrive until the ordinary transplanting season in that locality is passed.

TREES TO PLANT

It is by all means advisable to secure first-class 2 year trees. Such trees should be medium in size for their age, free from injurious insects and diseases, should have a healthy root system, with enough good-sized roots to hold the tree firmly in the soil and a good lot of fine roots. Not all varieties have straight trunks, and this should be taken into consideration. Extra large sized or so-called bearing age trees should not be considered first-class and should be avoided, as often much of their root system is removed in digging, and they adapt themselves to new conditions with greater difficulty. The extra expense necessary to buy first-class nursery stock will be many times repaid before the trees have outlived their usefulness.

The age at which trees should be preferred from the nursery are: apples, quinces, cherry, plums and pears, 2 years; peaches, 1 year.

As soon as the trees are received from the nursery they should be carefully heeled-in in the ground, as near the field intended for the orchard as possible, and preferably at the north side of a building or wood lot, especially in the spring, in order to protect them from the sun, keep them cool and retard their development. The trench should be dug sufficiently deep to receive all the roots. The trees should be carefully laid in, with their roots to the south, then fine, moist soil should be put between the roots, so that no air spaces are left. If trees are to be left heeled-in during the winter, care should be taken to remove all packing material which could harbor mice, rats or rabbits, and then snow should be kept over them as a protection from severe cold.

THE APPLE AND ITS USES

So well known are the uses of the apple that little need be said upon this subject. Many other fruits, indeed most cultivated fruits, rank as luxuries, but the apple in most parts of the United States is one of the leading staple products of the farm. Every farmer, however small his possessions may be, should have an apple orchard, the product of which should be found or his table in the same farmer.

the product of which should be found on his table in some form every day of the year.



A Block of Two-Year Apple Trees Standing in Nursery Row

Summer Varieties of Apples

Astrachan, Red—Large, roundish; nearly covered with deep crimson overspread with a thick bloom; juicy, rich, acid, beautiful. The tree is a vigorous grower, with large foliage and a good bearer. Aug.

Bough, Large Sweet—Large; pale greenish yellow; tender and sweet. Moderate grow-

er and a good bearer. Aug.

Benoni—Medium size, roundish, oblong; red; flesh tender, juicy, rich; valuable for the table. Tree a moderate, erect grower; productive. Aug.

Carolina June (Red June)—Small or medium; deep red; good; productive, hardy, a free grower, popular in the South and West. Aug.

Fanny—Large; deep, rich crimson; tender, juicy, pleasant, sub-acid. Tree vigorous, spreading, and very productive. Aug. Golden Sweet—Large; yellow, a very fair, fine, sweet apple. Tree a free grower,

spreading, irregular, and productive. Aug. and Sept.

Tetofsky-A Russian apple; medium size, with a yellow ground, handsomely striped with red, flesh juicy, sprightly, acid, and agreeable. Tree very hardy and produc-

tive. July and Aug.

Yellow Transparent—Earliest; white to pale yellow. Taking everything into consideration we think this the most profitable

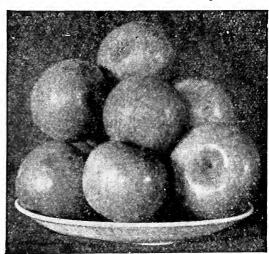
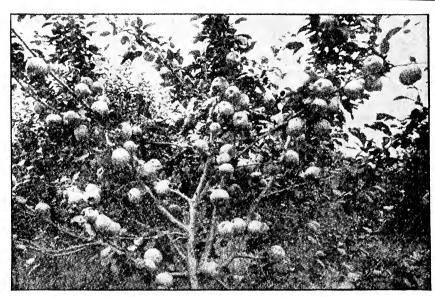


Plate of Yellow Transparent Apples

early apple. If you want the best and most productive summer apple, Yellow Transparent. July and Aug.



THE PRODUCTIVE DUCHESS APPLE

Duchess of Oldenburg—Of Russian origin. Large size, roundish; streaked with red and yellow; flesh whitish, juicy, flavor sprightly sub-acid, tree a vigorous grower, very hardy; very early and abundant bearer. While it is indispensable in the North, it is almost equally so in the South. We confidently recommend it for the orchard as one of the most valuable sorts for market or in the garden for domestic use. Sept.

Alexander (Emperor)—Of Russian origin. Alexander (Emperor)—Of Russian origin.
Large, deep red or crimson; flesh yellowish-white, crisp, tender, with pleasant flavor. Very hardy. Oct.
Autumn Strawberry—Medium, streaked; tender, juicy, sub-acid, fine; vigorous and productive. Sept. and Oct.
Fameuse (Snow Apple)—Meduim size, deep eviment; flesh productive tender.

deep crimson; flesh snowy white, tender, melting, and delicious. Tree vigorous with dark wood; one of the finest dessert fruits, and valuable for market; succeeds particularly well in the North. Nov. to Jan.
Gravenstein—An apple of excellent qual-

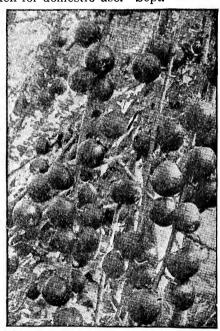
ity. For culinary purposes it is perhaps unexcelled by any variety of its season. Fruit large and uniform in size, skin thin, tender, greenish-yellow overlaid with dark red. Sept.

Red Beitigheimer-Large, yellow, shaded red; flesh white, juicy, with a brisk sub-

acid flavor. Oct.

Fall Pippin—Very large, roundish, oblong, yellow; flesh tender, rich and delicious. Tree is a free grower, spreading, and fine bearer. One of the most valuable varieties for table or market. Extensively grown in Western New York. Oct.

Walter Pease—A superb red fall apple of large size and excellent quality. Good for the home garden or for market. Oct.
Princess Louise—Of medium size, color mixed and striped red over a yellowish ground; fine, juicy, tender; good quality. Öct.



MAIDEN'S BLUSH APPLES

Maiden's Blush-Medium size, flat, quite smooth and fair; pale yellow, with beautiful red cheek; tender, sprightly, pleasant acid flavor. Fair grower and good bearer. Sept. and Oct.

WINTER VARIETIES OF APPLES

Bailey Sweet-Large; deep red, tender, rich, sweet; vigorous, upright, good bearer

Nov. to April.

Baxter—Originated near Kingston, Ontario. Is being largely planted for commerical orchards in Canada and Northern New York. A strong vigorous grower, immensely productive, very hardy. Fruit uniformly large, handsome showy red, mild acid, fine quality.

Bismarck—Introduced from New Zealand. Very large, remarkably handsome and showy, flesh yellow, tender, juicy; quality good; extremely hardy and prolific and bears

early. Season, Nov. to Feb.

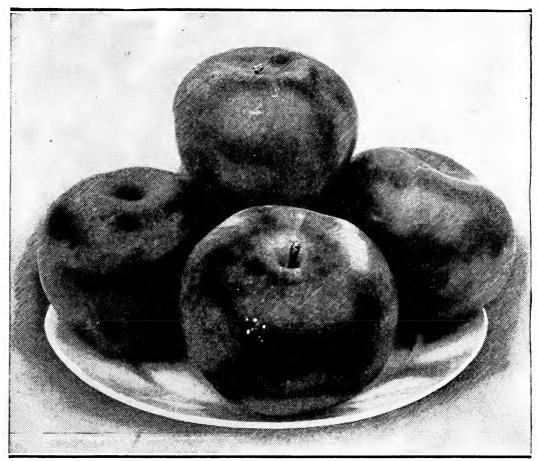
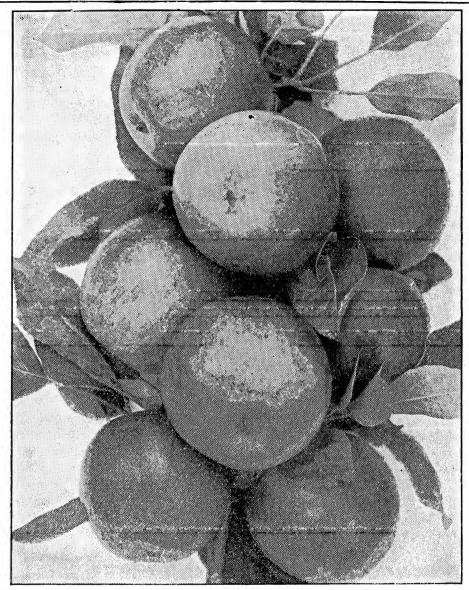


PLATE OF PERFECT BALDWIN APPLES

Baldwin-A great market apple, very productive of fair handsome fruit. No variety specifically sides and productive of fair handsome fruit. No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better, or is more attractive in color, size and shape, than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple, and for cooking. Thousands of barrels of this fruit are exported to England annually. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright, and productive. In New England, New York, Ontario and Michigan, this is one of the most popular and profitable sorts for table or market. Dec. to Mar.

Banana (Winter Banana)—Originated in Michigan. Yellow with red blush; large size tree; a splendid grower; valuable winter dessert apple; banana flavor. Vanderbilt of Hood River, Ore., sold forty bushel boxes of Winter Banana apples to a Portland dealer at \$8 per box, who sold them to a New York buyer for \$12 per box. The boxes were packed 56 to 64 apples to the box. Nov. to Jan.

Beleflower, Yellow—Large yellow, with blush cheek; very tender, juicy, sub-acid. ise all winter. Very valuable. A moderate grower and good bearer. Oct. to Feb. In use all winter.



BEN DAVIS, AN ANNUAL AND PROLIFIC BEARER

Ben Davis (New York Pippin, Kentucky Streak, etc.)—A large, handsome striped apple, good shipper; tree very hardy, vigorous and productive; a late keeper, highly esteemed in the West and Southwest.

"I have been looking for years for a better apple than the Ben Davis as a money maker and have failed to find it.

As to the keeping qualities of the Ben Davis I place what I want for home use in a large box in the cellar and as the weather gets colder we throw sacks or blankets over them. Last year we had luscious apples in April. Last fall I sold Ben Davis apples to a large grocer who refused to buy Winesap and Black Twig, because he said the women knew how well the Ben Davis cooked and they didn't want any other kind for that purpose. I saw the canning factory turn down a big wagon load of nice apples just because they were not Ben Davis.

The Ben Davis tree will bear early, produce more apples, bear more regularly and will yield the lowest percentage of culls of any variety grown in this section. While we do not get so much per bushel as for other varieties it is the best money-maker we have."—S. R. Ahrens, Washington Co., Ark.

North West Greening—This apple is one of the best keepers we have, keeping in good condition till May. Very large and beautiful form and being of good quality is very popular. Good grower. Equal to Wealthy in point of hardiness, flesh fine grained, juicy, and firm. Jan. to Apr.

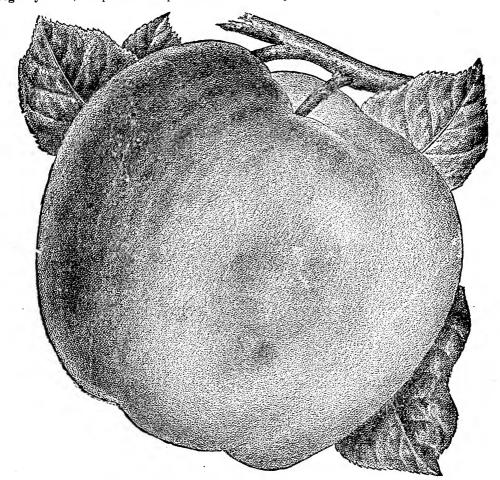
Peck's Pleasant—Large, mild, rich, subacid

Pewaukee — Origin, Pewaukee, Wis. Raised from the seed of Oldenburg. Fruit medium to large, roundish, oblate; skin bright yellow, striped and splashed with

dark red; flesh white, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Esteemed especially in cold climates on account of its hardiness. Tree vigorous. Jan. to May

Rambo-Medium size; streaked and mottled yellow and red; tender, juicy, mild flavored. Tree a vigorous grower and good Widely cultivated, an esteemed old variety. Autumn in the South. October to January in the North.

Rawles' Janet—Medium, yellow, striped with red, rich, crisp and juicy; a long

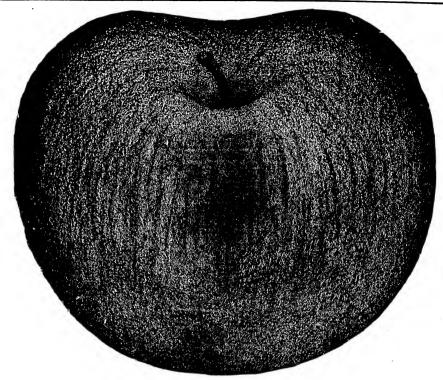


RHODE ISLAND GREENING, THE STANDARD GREEN APPLE

Rhode Island Greening—This large and superior winter apple is famous over a large extent of country, and is more highly prized for cooking and eating than any other variety. It is a good keeper, but will keep better if picked early. This Greening is a beautiful yellow color when ripe, and is a most abundant yielder, producing immense crops. The fruit is invariably of large size, and is free from defects. Mar. to Apr.

Red Canada (Steele's Red Winter)—Medium size; red with white dots; flesh rich, sub-acid, and delicious. A superior fruit for table or market. Nov. to May.

Rome Beauty—Large, yellow, shaded with bright red; flesh yellowish, tender, juicy, sub-acid; moderate grower. Nov. to Feb.



NORTHERN SPY APPLE

Northern Spy—Large; roundish, slightly conical, somewhat ribbed, striped with the sunny side nearly covered with purplish red; flesh white and tender, with a mild subacid, rich and delicious flavor; in perfection in January and keeps till June; the tree is a strong, upright grower, and forms a very compact head.

Golden Russett - Medium, dull russet,

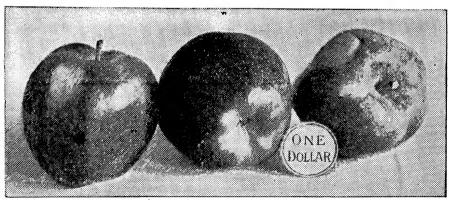
crisp, juicy.

Gano—Originated in Missouri. Form conical, good size and smooth; deep red, shaded on sunny side to mahogany; very attractive; flesh pale yellow, fine grained, tender, pleasant, mild sub-acid; is a good shipper and keeper. Feb. to May.

Grimes' Golden (Grimes' Golden Pippin)—An apple of the highest quality; medium to large size; yellow; tree hardy, vigorous, productive. Jan. to April.

Greenville—Seedling of the Maiden Blush.

Munson Sweet — Good size, yellow, red cheek.



DELICIOUS APPLES

Delicious—This is a medium to large-sized apple, roundish in shape, skin yellow almost covered with dark brilliant red. The tree is a strong, upright grower, very hardy and heavy bearer. Fruit hangs well, keeps well, bruises dry up instead of rotting. Dec to Feb.

Roxbury Russet—Medium to large; surface rough; greenish, covered with russet. Tree is free grower, spreading, and a great bearer; keeps till June. Its great popularity is owing to its productiveness and long keeping.

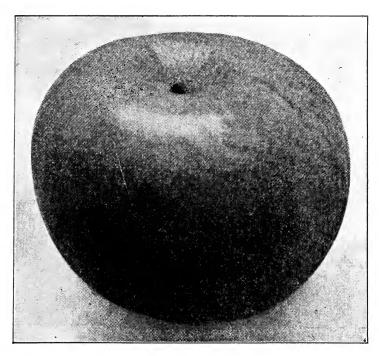
Smoke House—This grand apple is a great favorite in Pennsylvania and doesn't seem to be known much elsewhere, it bothers us to grow enough trees to supply the demand

where known.

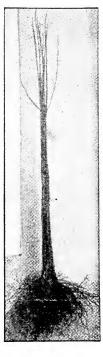
shaded with dark and light red, and sprinkled with brown dots; flesh yellowish, juicy, mild, sub-acid. Jan. to May.

Sutton Beauty—Fruit large, waxy yellow striped with crimson; flesh white, tender, juicy, mild acid; quality good and a remarkable keeper. Tree vigorous, a handsome grower, very productive. One of the most valuable market sorts in Western New York.

Tolman's Sweet-Medium, pale yellow,



Stayman's Winesap Apple
The Reliable Winter Apple for Pa. and Va.



1 year Apple Trees 4 to 5 Feet reduced

Stayman's Winesap — Fruit medium, large; skin green and yellow, red-striped; flesh yellow, firm; quality excellent. A seedling of Winesap but larger, better and more productive. Dec. to Apr.

Seek-No-Further — Medium to large. Striped with dull red and slightly russeted; flesh tender, rich, excellent; a fair grower; fruit always fair. Nov. to Feb.

Smith's Cider—Large, handsome, red and yellow; juicy, acid; quality medium; a moderate grower and good bearer; succeeds well in the South and West—not so well here. Nov. to Feb.

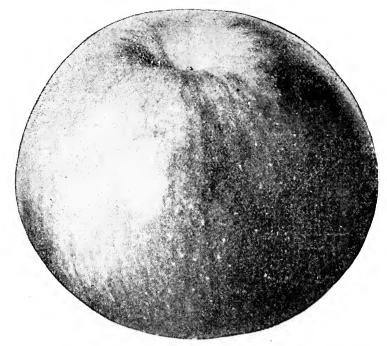
Stark—Esteemed in Ohio as a long keeper and valuable market fruit. Fruit large, roundish; skin greenish yellow, much slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and

very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous and productive. Nov. to April.

Walker's Beauty—An invaluable winter apple owing to its fine appearance, good quality, productiveness and superior keeping qualities. Fruit large, roundish, yellow striped and nearly covered with bright red. Flesh fine, juicy, mild and sub-acid. Season Jan. to June.

Wagener—Medium to large; deep red in the sun; flesh firm, sub-acid and excellent; very productive; bears very young. December to May.

Walbridge—Medium size, striped with red; handsome and of excellent quality; vigorous grower and productive; very hardy and considered of great value in the North and Northwest. March to June.



WEALTHY APPLE, A HEAVY AND RELIABLE CROPPER

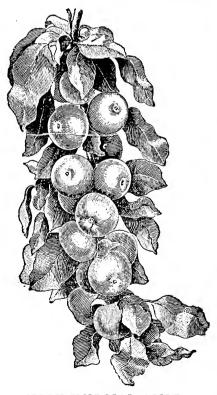
Wealthy Apple—A beautiful hardy winter apple, originating in Minnesota. ing in popularity each year on account of beauty and quality, as well as its hardiness. It is productive and an acquisition anywhere. Fruit large, roundish; skin smooth, oily, covered with a dark red. Flesh white, tender, juicy, vinous, sub-acid; quality very good. This is one of the most desirable varieties for Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, as well as the Eastern and Middle states. In season it differs according to locality; in New York and neighboring states its season is December to February and earlier in others.

Wine Sap—Medium, dark red, sub-acid, excellent; tree a moderate grower and abundant bearer. A favorite market variety in the West. December to May.

York Imperial (Johnson's Fine Winter)—Medium, white, shaded with crimson in the sun, juicy, crisp, mild sub-acid; tree moderately vigorous and productive. This is a large and beautiful red winter apple, originating in Pennsylvania, where it is a great success. It comes into bearing early and succeeds over a wide extent of country, bearing regular and heavy crops. Its foliage and fruit are free from scabs; its skin is yellow covered with bright red and striped; it is a good shipper, bringing the highest price. Nov. to Feb.

Wismer's Dessert—Tree very hardy and vigorous in growth; bears early and regularly and is a first-class shipper; medium to large in size, skin smooth and brilliantly colored; juicy, melting, buttery and free from fiber, especially fine for dessert.

I thank you very much for your promptness in shipping my order and the excellent trees you sent me. -F. M. Lyon, Cranesville, Pa.



It is gain-

YORK IMPERIAL APPLE



WOLF RIVER APPLES

Wolf River—Hardy, originating in Wisconsin, and for many years has successfully stood that rigorous climate. Fruit is very large, some specimens weighing 27 ounces; round, flattened, conical, highly colored, red. An excellent cooking fruit. We know of no other variety that should bring the orchardist in more money than Wolf River.

Jonathan—A beautiful red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality, being tender, juicy, spicy, and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Tree long-lived, productive, and an early bearer. Nov. to Apr.

McIntosh Red—A hardy Canadian variety. Medium size, nearly covered with dark red. Flesh white, fine, very tender, juicy and refreshing with attractive quince-like flavor. A good annual bearer. A very hardy variety, fruit of which is very attractive in appearance, of deep red color, good size, the flesh very tender and delicious. It is especially desirable for fancy trade. It comes into bearing young, yielding large crops of good fruit almost annually.

Boiken—Annual bearer, perfect foliage, vigorous grower. Fair size, yellow, tart acid, long keeper; at its best in spring, when it is unexcelled for cooking.

Fallawater—Very large, globular, yellowish green, dull red cheek, juicy, crisp, pleasant sub-acid flavor; tree a strong grower, very productive even while young. Nov. to Mar.

Newtown Pippin—One of the most celebrated of American apples, on account of its long keeping and excellent quali-ties, and the high price it commands abroad; but its success is confined to certain districts and soils. It attains its greatest perfection on Long Island, and the Hudson. Nov. to June.

Hubbardston Nonsuch—Large, striped yellow and red; tender, juicy and fine; strong grower and good bearer. Nov. to

King (Tompkins County)—Large and handsome, striped red and yellow, tree vigorous and productive; one of the best.

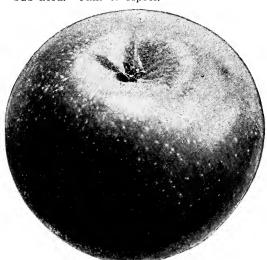
Nov. to May.

Longfield—A Russian variety imported some years since. Tree a free, upright grower early and abundant bearer; medium to larger; yellow, with a blush on sunny side like the Maiden's Blush; rich, sprightly, sub-acid; quality as good as the Fameuse and somewhat like it. Dec. to

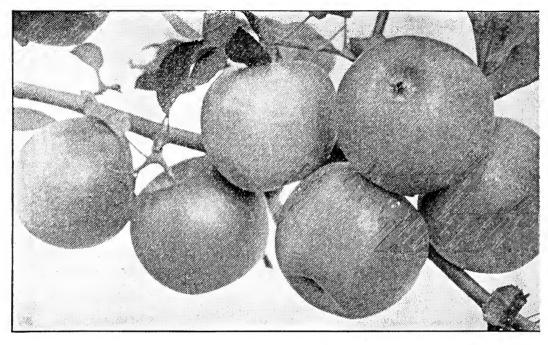
Mammoth Black Twig—One of the most profitable of all apples. Resembles the Wine Sap, but is a better grower. An

excellent keeper.

Mann-Fruit medium to large, roundish, oblate, nearly regular; skin deep yellow, when fully ripe; flesh yellowish, half fine, half tender, juicy, mild, pleasant sub acid. Jan. to April.



McINTOSH RED APPLE



WAGENER APPLE (Reduced)

Wagener (The Quality Apple)—This is one of the varieties that bear at an early age. The tree is a quick grower and very thrifty. It is planted a great deal as a filler for orchards, as it bears an abundance of fruit when young; is of rather dwarf habit and gets weak when old. The fruit is medium to large, skin tough and of a bright light red color. Flesh whitish, firm, crisp, tender, juicy and sub-acid. Wagener is of the very finest quality and recommended as a commercial variety. Oct. to Feb.

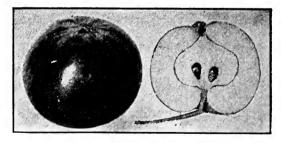
VALUABLE VARIETIES OF CRAB APPLES

As an ornamental Fruit, and for jellies and preserving, the crab apple is unequalled. All are very hardy and prolific, come into bearing when very young, and command a ready and profitable market. I name the best sorts.

Hyslop's—Almost as large as the Early Strawberry Apple; deep crimson; very popular in the West on account of its large size, beauty, and hardiness. Tree remarkably vigorous. Oct.

General Grant—Large, round, yellow, covered with stripes of red, and when exposed to the sun, turning quite dark; flesh white, fine grained, a good grower, hardy and productive.

Whitney—Large, averaging one and a half to two inches in diameter; skin smooth, glossy green, striped, splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy, and flavor very pleasant.



Transcendent—A beautiful variety of the Siberian Crab; red and yellow. Tree a remarkably strong grower. September.

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Wilkingsburg Branch November 12, '13

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

My Dear Sirs: Words cannot express how I appreciate the squareness and honesty in which you have treated me; kindly accept my sincere thanks. I have several friends who anticipate starting some fruit next year and I shall certainly see that you get their order. Thanking you again I beg to remain,

Yours very respectfully,

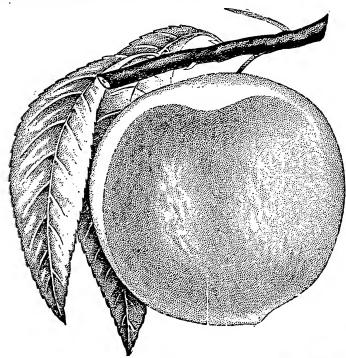
S. R. Foreman.

SELECT VARIETIES OF PEACHES

My peaches are all grown from pits secured from natural trees grown in the mountains

of North Carolina and Tennessee where disease is unknown.

Note—In planting peaches, it is of the highest importance to cut back the trees severely. The stem should be reduced about one-third and the side branches cut back to one bud. This lessens the demand upon the roots and enables the remaining buds to push more vigorously. Most failures in newly planted orchards may be ascribed to a non-observance of these directions.



Peach trees are easily cultivated, their comparative freedom from disease, the short period before they become productive, with the immense demand for the fruit and the facilities with which it may be shipped to distant markets, make peach growing extremely profitable, and there are few kinds of fruits more highly prized and more keenly relished. It should be remembered that peaches are all borne on wood of the previous season's growth hence the necessity of yearly pruning

Barnard's Early—A fine yellow peach of good quality; very popular in Michigan. An excellent canner.

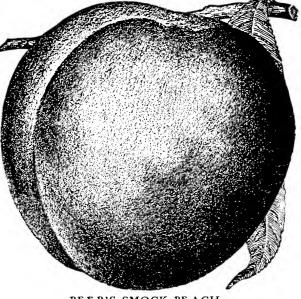
Beer's Smock—Large to very large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow and of the very best quality for the season; free-stone; a regular and enormous bearer making it very desirable for market purposes. Last of September.

CARMAN PEACH

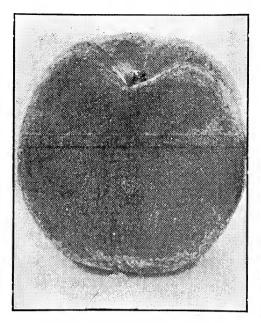
Carman—In size it is large; shape somewhat oblong, resembling its probable sister, the great Elberta; the tree also resembling this variety. Its color is pale yellow, covered for the most part with a deep blush, while the skin is very tough; the flesh is quite juicy and tender with a fine flavor and a freestone. It's time of ripening is exactly that of E. Rivers.

Alexander's Early — (Alexander) Originated near Mt. Pulaski, Ill. Medium size; skin greenish white, nearly covered with rich red; flesh melting, juicy, sweet; vigorous and productive; ripens two weeks earlier than Hale's Early.

Admiral Dewey—A perfect freestone; ripens with the Triumph; a better form and color; strong grower, hardy and productive; the earliest and best yellow freestone. July.

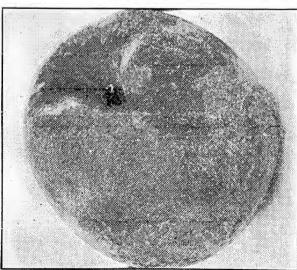


BEER'S SMOCK PEACH



EARLY CRAWFORD PEACH

Crawford's Early-A magnificent large yellow peach of good quality. Tree vigorous and prolific; its size, beauty and productiveness make it one of the most popular varieties. Season, beginning of September. This valuable peach has long been a favorite for large size, beauty and quality of fruit. Most people when they buy peaches ask for Crawfords, knowing but little about any other variety. In past years this was the earliest peach, but now



NIAGARA PEACH

much earlier kinds are known, hence it is about mid-season in ripening. Everybody who plants peach trees plants Crawford's Early.

Engle's Mammoth—Large, round, suture slight; yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, stone small, free; sweet, rich, juicy. Chair's Choice—Bearing at four years of

age four or five bushels of fruit; large

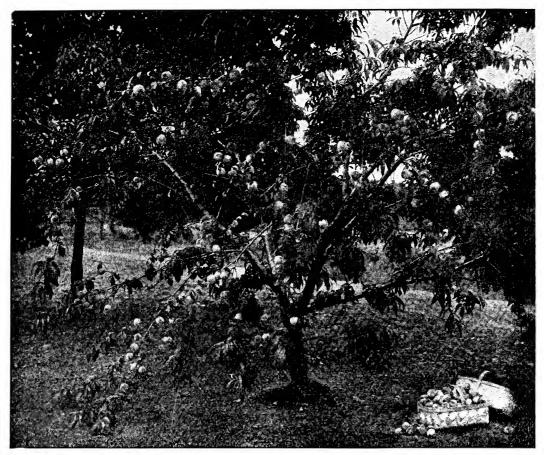


CHAIR'S CHOICE PEACH

size; firm, yellow; very handsome and of good quality; ripens between Crawford's Late and Smock.

Mountain Rose—Large, red; flesh white, juicy, rich and excellent; one of the best early peaches, ripening with Troth's Early, and much larger and finer than that variety. Should be in every collection. First of August.

Niagara Peach—One of the best medium early yellow peaches that has been introduced for many years past is the Niagara. It originated in Niagara county, New York, and has been grown there for about ten years past, but only in a small way, until very lately. The fruit of the Niagara peach is much like that of Early Crawford in appearance, being large, oval, yellow with brilliant red cheeks. The flavor is rich and piquant, reminding one of the very best peaches he ever ate. The season is medium early, coming in just before Elberta.



A Low Headed ELBERTA PEACH TREE Hardy and Productive

Elberta—A valuable, large peach of good quality. The best orchard variety, and valuable also for planting in the garden. Elberta is hardier in bud than many varieties, therefore a more uniform cropper. Elberta is large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and high-flavored, flesh yellow; free-stone. Season medium early, following quickly upon Early Crawford.

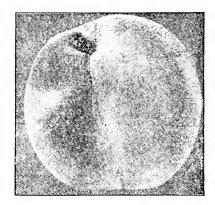
Foster—Originated in Medford, Mass. Large, deep orange red, becoming very dark

red on sunny side; flesh yellow, very rich and juicy, with sub-acid flavor. Ripens with Early Crawford. Very handsome. The originator says he sold the fruit very readily at first at twelve dollars per dozen.

Gold Drop—Medium size; hardy, very productive, quality the best, early bearer. Last of September. One of our customers in Michigan writes us that this is the only peach they can make any money on in his locality. The Sheriff of this county has a large peach orchard. He tells us that Gold Drop is the best money maker he has.

Champion—Large creamy white with red cheek, rich and juicy, the hardiest peach we know of. Have seen it fruit in Steuben County where other sorts can not be grown. We consider this the very best early peach. August.

I received my order in first class condition. I was pleased with the trees. I will always be a customer of yours.—L. C. Williams, Clearfield, Pa.

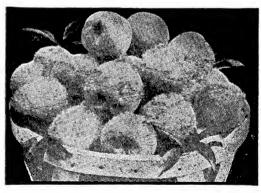


CHAMPION PEACH (reduced)



FITZGERALD PEACH TREE

Fitzgerald—A seedling found at Oakville, Ontario, where it stands the winter perfectly, and for the past four years has cropped regularly. It is undoubtedly very hardy, and the fruit averages larger than any variety we know of. Quality first-class, freestone, and we recommend it with entire confidence.



KALAMAZOO PEACHES

Wonderful—A freestone; color rich golden yellow, overspread with carmine. It ripens after nearly all other varieties have disappeared, and is a remarkable keeper. Tree wonderfully prolific.

Hill's Chili—Medium; deep yellow shaded with dark red. Hardy, vigorous and productive. Good market variety. First of Sept.

Kalamazoo—Large, golden yellow, with crimson cheek; flesh thick yellow, superb quality, small pit. Strong grower, early bearer, hardy and productive

Triumph — Earliest yellowflesh peach, with good eating and shipping qualities, sure and abundant bearer; strong, vigorous grower.

vigorous grower.

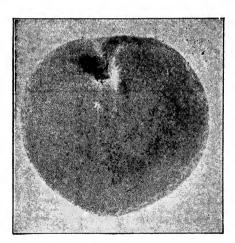
Willett—Bright yellow, mostly covered with red. Flesh juicy and rich. Sept. Freestone.

Smock Free—Large, yellow and red, bright yellow flesh. Valuable for market. Last of September.

Matthew's Beauty — Golden yellow, firm, of excellent quality. Ripens about three weeks later than Elberta; better quality.

Old Mixon Free—Large, pale yellow, with a deep red cheek; tender, rich and good; one of the best. First to middle

of September.



YELLOW ST. JOHN PEACH

Sneed—White with red cheek; a good grower and productive. It originated with Hon. Judge Sneed of Memphis, Tenn. Ripens two weeks earlier than Alexander. Quality good.

Stump the World—Very large, roundish, skin white, with a bright red cheek. Flesh white, juicy and good. Last of September.

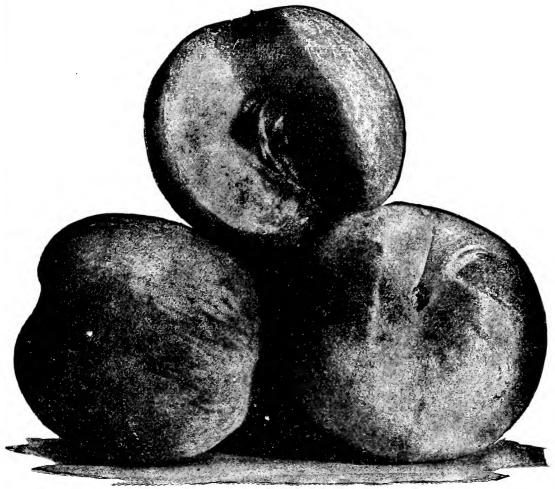


PLATE OF LATE CRAWFORD PEACHES

Crawford's Late-Of large size; skin yellow or greenish yellow, with dull red cheek; flesh yellow. Tree vigorous; moderately productive; one of the finest late sorts. Last of Sept.

Wager—Large, yellow, more or less color in the sun; juicy, and of a fair flavor.

Last of August.

Belle of Georgia—Large; white, with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower and very productive. Early July.

Early Canada—Originated in Canada. As early as the earliest. Of good size, fine quality and handsome appearance. July.

Croshv—A remarkably fine peach for the

Crosby—A remarkably fine peach for the home use or market. Ripens just before Crawford's Late. Middle of Sept.

Hiley—A large, early, white peach highly colored on sun-exposed side. A profitable commercial variety, very hardy in wood and had. Skip groups white with bright and bud. Skin creamy white with bright red cheek.

Yellow St. John—One of the best of the early yellow varieties. Of medium size, orange yellow with a red blush on sunny side, flesh tender, juicy and quality very good. Popular in many sections. Aug. Ĭ5th.

Greensboro-The largest and most beautifully colored of all the early varieties. Double the size of Alexander, ripening at the same time. Flesh white, juicy and good. July.

Lemon Cling-Large, pale yellow, dark red cheek; hardy and productive. September.

Am well satisfied with the trees you sent me and with the way you packed them. You will hear from me again.—Berton E. Hathaway, Cleveland, Ohio.

STANDARD PEARS

All Budded Trees on Whole Roots of Imported French Pear Seedlings

The cultivation of this noble fruit is rapidly extending as its value is being appreciated. The range of variety is such that, like apples, they can be had in good eating condition from August until early Spring. The melting, juicy texture, the refined flavor and the delicate aroma of the pear, give it rank above all other fruits except the grape. The pear, like most other things highly desirable and valuable, cannot be had without attention and labor. The relative prices of the apple and pear being about as one to five, purchasers of the latter can well afford to give the trees that high state of cultivation necessary to secure the best results. The excellent market that has been developed in Great Britain for fine pears, the unlimited demand that at almost fabulous prices should induce every one who lives in the pear growing districts to devote a large amount of his attention to the cultivation of this fruit.

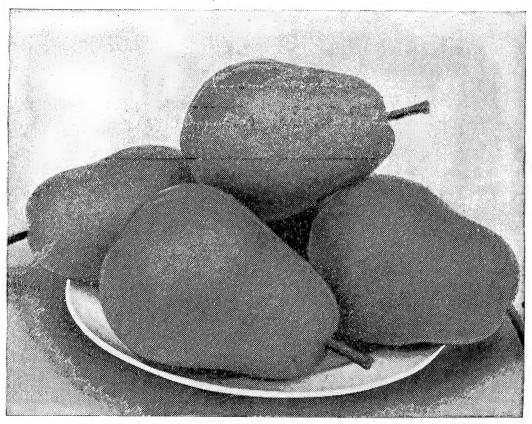
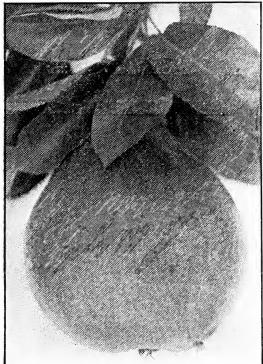


Plate of Bartlett Pears

A Bartlett Pear Orchard Properly Located and Intelligently Handled is the Best Investment That a Man Can Make

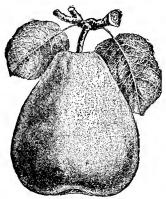
Bartlett Pear—What the Concord is among grapes, the Baldwin among apples, the Crawford among peaches, is the Bartlett among pears. It is the most popular pear, both for home use and market, that the world has ever known. It is buttery and melting, with a rich, musky flavor. The tree is vigorous and rapid in growth. Its season is September. Many people remove half of the fruit in August, ripening this for market, thus relieving the tree of its strain and securing larger fruit from that which remains on the tree. As the Bartlett is liable to overbear, nearly half of the fruit should be removed early in the season when about the size of a hickory nut.



CLAPP'S FAVORITE PEAR

Clapp's Favorite—A large, new, fine pear, resembling the Bartlett but without its musky flavor; a pale lemon-yellow with brown dots, fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich, sweet, delicate vinous flavor. Tree hardy and very productive; very desirable in all sections, and especially where other varieties fail. Aug. and Sept.

Manning's Elizabeth—Small to medium; bears in clusters; crimson and gold color; very beautiful, melting, rich, sugary, sprightly, perfumed flavor; excellent. One of the very best early pears. Aug.



SECKEL PEAR

peurre Clairgeau—Very large, pyraform; yellow and red; nearly melting, high flavored. Tree a very good grower, an early and abundant bearer; a magnificent market fruit. One of the finest acquisitions. Oct. and Nov.

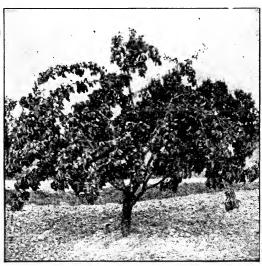
Duchess d' Angouleme—Very large; greenish-yellow, sometimes a little russeted; does best as a dwarf. Oct. and Nov.

Lawrence—About medium; yellow, thickly dotted; with a very fine, rich flavor; one of the best. Tree a moderate grower and very productive. December to January.

Lawson—Tree healthy, a strong grower, early bearer and profitable sort; of splendid quality for a very early pear. It colors beautifully. Red cheek with yellow shading.

President Drouard—A very good looking and large winter pear, ripening from March to May, with a delicate and abundant perfume; melting and juicy. The tree grows vigorously.

Columbia—A cross between Bartlett and Seckel, combining the best qualities of each. Tree vigorous, hardy and productive. Fruit good size, rich quality, high color, handsome and good. Sept. and Oct.



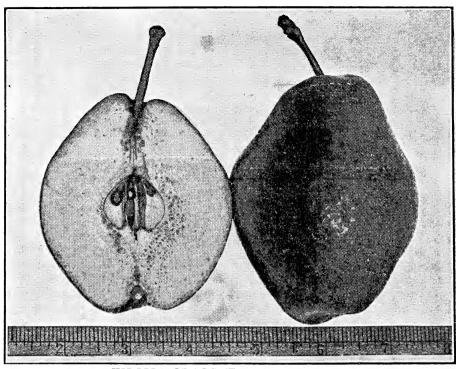
WILDER EARLY PEAR

Wilder—Handsome, melting, sweet, pleasant and of the best quality for an early pear; one of the best keeping early pears. Aug.

Summer Doyenne (Doyenne D' Ete.)—A beautiful melting, sweet pear, rather small. Tree a vigorous grower and good bearer. First of Aug.

Seckel—Small; rich yellowish-brown; one of the best and highest flavored pears known; productive. Sept. and Oct.

For Wholesale Prices and Special Cash Discounts on Early Orders See Pages 68, 69, 70 and 71.



KIEFFER PEARS (From Photo Reduced)

Kieffer's—Tree a remarkable grower, with so vigorous a constitution that it rarely, if ever, blights. Fruit of fine size, rich color and good quality. Brings high prices in competition with other varieties. Best when picked at maturity and house ripened. Oct. and Nov.

Flemish Beauty—Large, beautiful, juicy, rich and fine; strong grower and good bearer; hardy everywhere. Sept. and Oct.

Howell—Large, light waxen yellow, with a fine red cheek; handsome, rich, sweet, melting; perfumed, aromatic flavor. Very hardy and valuable. Sept. and Oct.

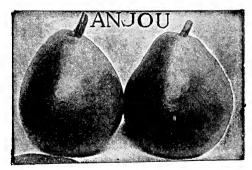
Rossney—A vigorous grower, hardy both in wood and fruit bud, and very productive. Combines excellent quality with large size, fine form and superior shipping qualities.

Sheldon—Medium to large; yellow and red; very excellent and promising variety from Wayne County, N. Y. Tree a fine grower and productive; Oct.

Worden Seckel—It is a seedling of the Seckel, and is equally as good in quality as that variety and more juicy, with an aroma equally as rich and inviting, while in size, color, form and appearance it is decidedly superior. A tree of this beautiful pear is an object of beauty on the home ground when laden with beautiful specimens.

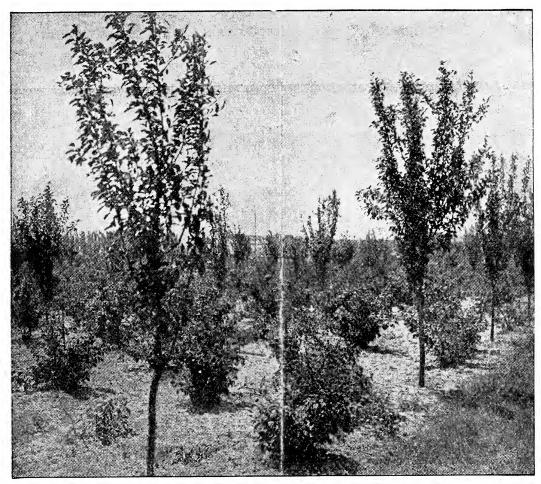
Vermont Beauty—A most desirable pear. The fruit is of medium size, very handsome, being yellow with a bright carmine cheek. The flesh is rich and juicy, aromatic, of the best, and almost equal to the Seckel; ripens immediately after the Seckel.

Lincoln Coreless—A remarkable late winter pear. Very large, handsome appearance, good quality. Tree a good grower and very productive.



ANJOU PEAR

Beurre d' Anjou—A large, fine pear, buttery and melting, with sprightly, vinous flavor. Tree a fine grower and good bearer. One of the very best. Oct. to Jan.



Orchard of Kieffer Pear Trees Fruiting 4 Years after Planting with Currant Bushes between Trees

Grand Haven, Mich.

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen: Enclosed you will find a picture of my Kieffer Pear Orchard which I bought of you four years ago. They are all now in bearing and I am happy to say they are all true to name. There are nearly one thousand trees in this orchard. I got some Kieffer Pear Trees of you eight years ago and they bore about two bushels to the tree this summer. I will want more trees next Spring.

Yours truly,

KLASS POEL

Ross Sta., Mich.

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs: I received both of those orders for 100 Kieffer Pears and 100 Japan Plums. They are very fine. Some of my neighbors came to see them. They say they can't see how you grow such trees for the price. Kindly send me another catalog, I have given mine away and I want to order some more trees.

Yours truly,

R. F. D. No. 61.

J. W. BLAIN

CHERRIES

All budded on the Best French Cherry Stock

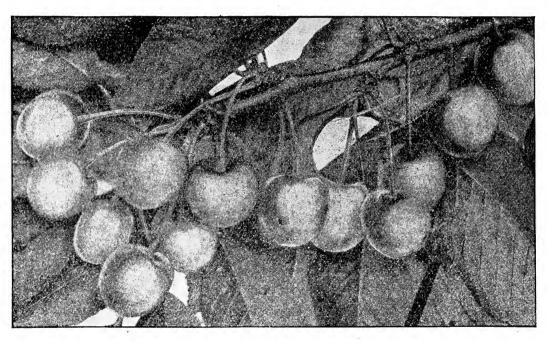
With my experience in growing cherries I by all means urge every owner of a home with a little space to plant cherry trees. No fruit is more liked by members of the family or guests than this delightful fruit, when fresh, stewed or preserved. By all means get a half dozen trees of different varieties and plant along the fence in the garden. In this day many a housewife does not secure the quantity of cherries each year she would like for the family use. Why? Because its use has extended in so many ways by canning and preserving, manufacturing syrups, etc., that today cherries can be contracted ahead for a term of years for more money than we received four or five years ago.

The most valuable cherries for market are Early Richmond, Montmorency, Wragg, English Morello and a matured orchard will yield from \$300 to \$600 per acre.

There are two families of cherries; the Heart and Bigarreau, or sweet cherry, and the Duke and Morello, or sour cherry. The Heart and Bigarreau cherries are large, upsight groupers producing large shows fauit

right growers, producing large, showy fruit.

HEART AND BIGARREAU CHERRIES



NAPOLEON SWEET CHERRIES

Napoleon Bigarreau-Known on the Pacific slope as Royal Ann; very large; pale yellow with red cheek; very firm, juicy and sweet; tree a good healthy grower and bears enormous crops; valuable for canning; ripens late.

Governor Wood-Very large, rich; light yellow with red cheek; juicy and sweet; tree a vigorous grower, very productive, End of June. and hangs well on the tree.

Allen—Originated in Lake County, O. Tree a healthy grower; productive; fruit large, nearly black; ripens late; very good.

Bing—Almost black, quality best; very Originated near productive. Portland, Oregon. Fruit very large.

Black Heart (Black Ox Heart)—An old variety; deep black; flesh tender, juicy, sweet. July.

Black Russian-Fruit large; deep black; flesh solid and firm. Last of July.

Mercer—Tree very hardy. Fruit dark red, larger than Black Tartarian. End of June.

HEART AND BIGARREAU CHERRIES



BLACK TARTARIAN CHERRY

Black Tartarian—Very large; bright purplish black; half tender; juicy, very rich. Tree a remarkably vigorous and erect grower, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. Ripe last of June.

Coe's Transparent—Medium size; pale amber, red in the sun; tender, juicy and rich, handsome; one of the best; strong grower; productive. Last of June.

Downer's Late Red—Large; light red; tender, juicy and delicious; vigorous and productive grower. Middle of June.

Lambert — Dark red, very productive. The largest sweet cherry we know of. Flesh solid and a good shipper. Its season of ripening being late makes it very valuable.

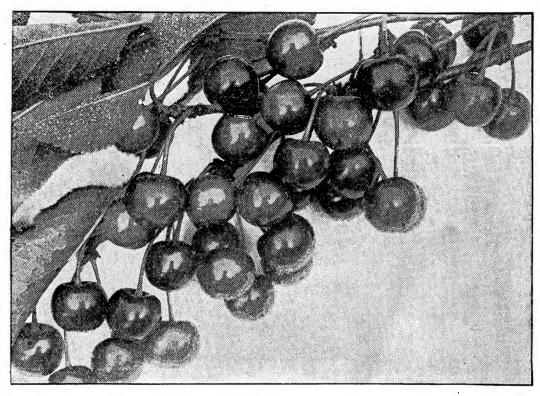
Schmidt's Bigarreau—A most promising cherry; fruit of immense size; of rich deep black; flesh dark, tender, very juicy, with a fine flavor; bears abundantly and makes a most noble dish for the table.

Windsor—New seedling originated at Windsor, Canada. Fruit large, liver-colored, resembling the Elkhorn, or Tradescant's Black Heart, nevertheless quite distinct; ripened three or four days after that variety; flesh remarkably firm and of finquality. Tree hardy and very prolific. A valuable late variety for market and for family use.

Yellow Spanish—Large; pale yellow with red cheek; firm, juicy and excellent; one of the best light colored cherries; vigorous and productive. Last of June.

Elton—Large and fine flavor; pale yellow, light red next to the sun; vigorous grower. Last of June.

DUKE AND MORELLO CHERRIES



EARLY RICHMOND CHERRIES

Early Richmond—(Kentish, Virginian, May)—Medium size, dark red; melting, juicy, sprightly acid flavor. This is one of the most valuable and popular of the acid cherries and is unsurpassed for cooking purposes. Tree a slender grower with a roundish, spreading head, and is exceedingly productive. The most hardy of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest winters when almost every other variety has been killed. Ripens through June.

Belle Magnifique—Fruit large, roundshis hightred; flesh tender, juicy, sprightly sub-acid; one of the finest of this class of cherries. Tree hardy, vigorous and very productive. July.

Baldwin—Large, round, slightly sub-acid, sweetest and richest of the Morello

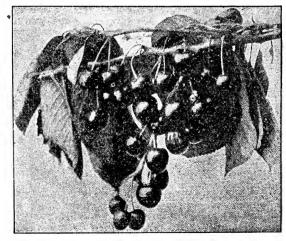
type. A fine upright grower, remarkable for earliness and productiveness. June.

Dyehouse-Partakes of both the Duke and Morello in wood and fruit, a very early and sure bearer; ripens a week before Early Richmond, of better quality and quite productive.

English Morello-Medium to large, blackish-red, rich, acid, juicy and good;

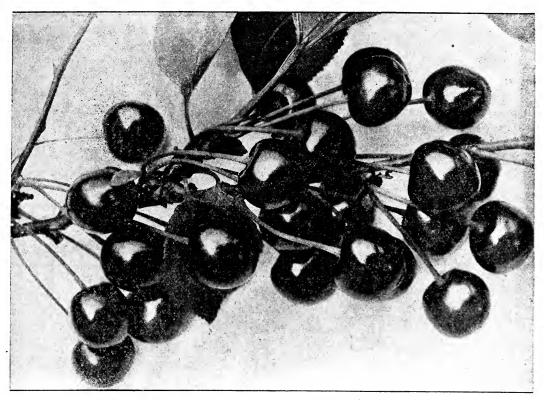
very productive. August.
Empress Eugenie—Fruit large, Empress Eugenie—Fruit large, dark red, very rich, tender and sub-acid. Tree heads very low. Ripe about July 1st.

Late Duke—Large light red; late and fine. Last of July.



ENGLISH MORELLO CHERRIES

DUKE AND MORELLO CHERRIES



MONTMORENCY ORDINAIRE CHERRIES

Montmorency Ordinaire—A beautiful large red acid cherry; larger and finer than Early Richmond and fully ten day later, ripening with Tradescant's. Being extraordinarily prolific and hardy, it can be recommended as a variety of great value. Tree a free grower.

What may be expected of Cherry trees under favorable circumstances may be surmised from an instance at the summit of Mt. Read in Monroe County, New York. "In 1878 I picked from a tree there a trifle over 500 pounds, which I marketed at 11 cents a pound. I know little of its record before that, but I have seen it in bearing every year since. I have not picked it for the last few years, but will say that it has never borne less than 500 pounds, and that the party who has lately picked tells me that it has twice passed the 1000 pounds. While the average price has been 7 cents it will readily be seen that it has harvested over \$1000 worth of cherries in 28 years. It has every appearance of a young tree yet."—W. N. Britton.

Montmorency Large—A large, red, acid cherry; larger than Early Richmond and fully ten days later.

May Duke—Large, red, juicy and rich, an old, excellent variety; vigorous and productive. Middle of June.

Olivet—A new Duke of French origin. Unlike most others of this class, it is said to be very early and to ripen over a long period. Fruit very large, globular, and of a deep shining red; tender, rich and vinous, with a sweet sub-aciduous flavor.

Vladimir — (Russian) — Hardy, strong grower, wonderfully prolific. Fruit about size of Early Richmond, mild, sub-acid, juicy, excellent quality. Middle July.

Ostheim—A hardy cherry from Russia. It has been tested in the severest winters of Minnesota and has been found perfectly hardy. Fruit large, roundish, ovate; skin red, dark at maturity; stalk long, flesh liver colored, tender, juicy, almost sweet.

Reine Hortense—Very fine, large, bright red, juicy and delicious, vigorous and productive.

Wragg-Fruit large, bright red; translucent; stalk long; flesh firm, rich, excellent.

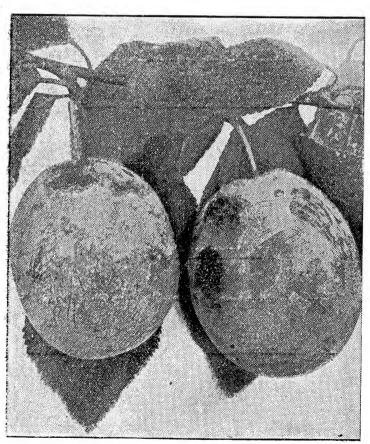
Louis Phillipe—Large size, flesh red, tender, juicy, with mild sub-acid flavor, very vigorous and productive; of great value. A native of France.

SELECT VARIETIES OF PLUMS All Budded Trees on Whole Roots of Imported French Myrobolan Plum Seedlings

Plum Culture—It is an attractive sight to see a plum orchard in full bearing. are not difficult to cultivate, and they are among the hardiest of our orchard fruits. Taking all into consideration, the best soil for plums is a loose, deep, gravelly loam, with

an open sub-soil, such as is suited for apples or potatoes, although almost any soil may be used provided it is well drained.

The trees can be planted much closer together than apple or pear, and yet in field cultivation it is not best to crowd any kind of fruit trees; but in gardens plums will fruit well when planted ten or twelve feet apart. Plum trees bear at an early age. The yield of plums from an acre is surprising. Perhaps no fruit needs more frequent manuring than the plum, owing to the great crops of fruit it bears. It will also succeed on rich, sandy soil. Plum trees are usually planted when two years old from the bud, although some of the strong growing kinds. Burbank, Abundance and other Japan kinds, aspecisome of the strong growing kinds, Burbank, Abundance and other Japan kinds, especi-



BRADSHAW PLUM

Bradshaw—A fine early plum; very large; dark violet red; juicy and good. Tree erect and vigorous. As regards productiveness it has no equal. To produce the finest fruit heavy thinning should be practiced. The quality is excellent, and is destined to become one of the most popular plums for canning. This plum is very largely planted throughout Western New York. Valuable for market and home use. Aug. ally, may be planted a year old with good results. Plum trees are planted about as far apart as peaches; that is, from 15 to 18 feet apart each way. Many growers prefer to plant them closer one way than the other, and eventually to stop cultivation in one direction. If this system is used they may be placed 18 to 20 feet apart one way, and from 10 to 12 feet the other way. The trees are pruned the same way that apple trees are, when planted.

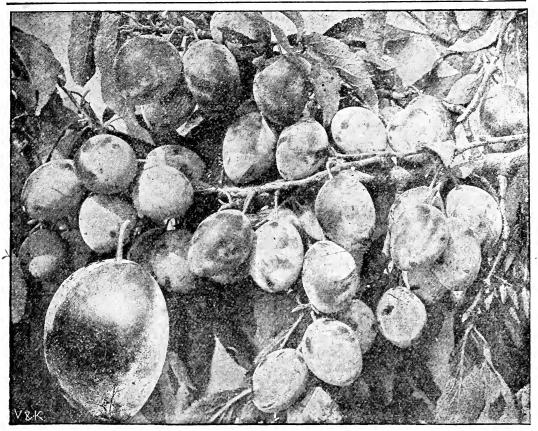
European Varieties of Plums

Beauty of Naples—A new variety of the highest promise; size large, color greenish - yellow; flesh firm, juicy and very fine flavored; tree very hardy and prolific. Middle of September.

Diamond-A large magnificent new plum, one of the most attractive, enormous size, dark purple with a beautiful bloom. Tree very vigorous, productive and hardy. Sept.

Field—A large reddish plum ripening before Bradshaw; a strong grower and abundant bearer.

French Damson - Large for this type of plum, dark coffee color foliage, very healthy:



THE HARDY DANSVILLE PRUNE YORK STATE (Reduced)

York State Prune (The Dansville Prune)—One of the largest, best in quality and most productive of all prunes, large size; color dark blue, covered with purple black, delicous; freestone; last of August; originated at Dansville, N. Y., a vigorous grower and hardy.

Giant Prune—The largest of all prunes. Its unequalled size, handsome appearance, rare keeping qualities, great productiveness and high quality place it at the head of the prunes for home use. Sept.

Thanksgiving Hardy Prune—Very productive, good quality and long keeper. It will keep for weeks and months after picking like an apple.

Hungarian Prune (Ponds' Seedling)—Very large, dark red, juicy and very sweet. Its large size, bright color, productiveness and shipping qualities render it a profitable variety for home or distant markets. Sept.

Washington—This is one of the finest and most popular plums. Fruit very large, roundish oval; skin yellow, with a slight crimson blush in well ripened specimens; flesh very sweet. Tree vigorous and very productive. Last of Aug.

Niagara—Of large size and first rate flavor; color dark blue. Good bearer; not liable to rot. Ripens about August 1st.

Pond's Seedling—A magnificent plum; light red, changing to violet; flesh rather coarse. Tree a vigorous grower and most abundant bearer. One of the most attractive in cultivation. Sept.

IMPROVED NATIVE PLUMS

In many sections the only varieties that are hardy and productive.

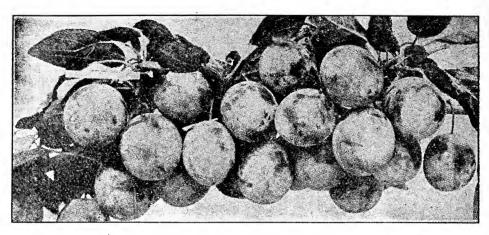
DeSoto—Very hardy, extremely productive; medium sized, bright red, good quality. Sept.

Forest Garden—Large, nearly round, purplish red, quality good. Tree vigorous and productive.

Wolf—Vigorous grower, hardy, very popular. Perfect freestone, immensely productive. Aug.

Wyant-One of the most popular native sorts. Large purplish-red, good quality.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES OF PLUMS



SHROPSHIRE DAMSON PLUMS

Shropshire Damson (or Prune Damson) -An English variety of great merit for preserving. Large and much more desirable than the common Damson. Tree vigorous grower, very free from attacks of curculio; hardy and an abundant bearer. October.

Spaulding—Tree a strong grower, with broad, rich, dark foliage; fruitlarge, yellow-green, with marblings of deeper green and a delicate white bloom; flesh pale yellow, very firm, sprightly sugary and rich; fine for canning. Claimed to be curculio proof.

Tenant Prune—Originated by Rev. John Tenant on the Nooksack river, Whatcom County, Washington, in the Sound country. Large, dark purple with blue bloom; rich, sugary, the most productive prune in cultivation. Valuable for drying.

Coe's Golden Drop—A large light yellow plum; flesh firm, rich and sweet. Valuable on account of its large size and fine appearance. Last of Sept.

Grand Duke (New)—A valuable late plum as large as the Bradshaw, entirely free from rot and ripening latter part of Sept.

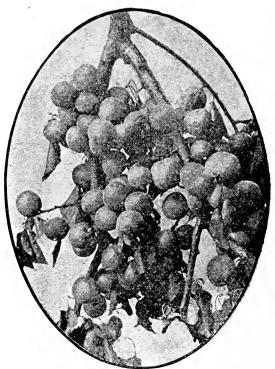
Green Gage—Of the highest quality. Tree a moderate grower. Sept.

Yellow Gage—Fruit large; flesh deep yellow, rich, sugary and melting. Tree very vigorous and productive. Middle of Aug.

Moore's Arctic—Skin purplish black, with a thin blue bloom; flesh greenish yellow, juicy sweet and of pleasant flavor. "The hardiest plum grown, and free from black knot. Tree healthy, vigorous; an early and abundant bearer." Sept.

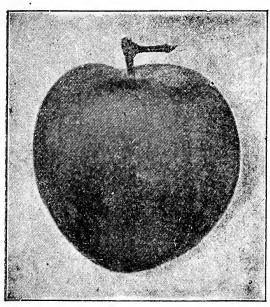
Roosevelt—Fruit large, color purple, good quality and unexcelled for eating and canning.

Yellow Egg-Very large, egg-shape, golden yellow, fine quality, very productive; excellent for cooking. August.



Showing the productiveness of BURBANK JAPAN PLUM

JAPAN VARIETIES OF PLUMS



BURBANK—One of the Best

Burbank—Large, globular, cherry red. mottled yellow color; flesh yellow, melting, juicy, sweet, semi-cling. One of the best. Ripe about ten days after Abundance. There are few or none of the Japanese plums so far generally tested, that have proven of so much worth as the Burbank. It is an abundant bearer, and several years' trial has proved it to be hardy in almost the eniire United States.

Abundance—Large, bright red with yellow cheek; flesh light yellow, very juicy, tender, with delicious sweetness; early annual, profuse bearer. August.

Chabott (Japan)—A splendid plum Flesh sweet and of excellent flavor. Ripens about the middle of August.

Chalco—The fruit, which ripens just before the Burbank, is large, flat like a tomato, deep reddish purple, very sweet, rather firm, exceedingly fragrant, yellow flesh and a small seed. Like the Apricot Plum the fruit is almost as stemless as a peach, and completely surrounds the older branches, as thick as it can stick, like kernels on a huge ear of corn.

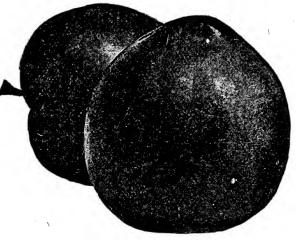
Climax—Cross of Simoni and Botan. Very large, measuring six and three-fourths by seven and onehalf inches in circumference, heartshaped, a superbly rich plum, extremely early, ripens in the coast counties early in July, before any other good plum. Color of flesh yellow, sweet and delicious with a pineapple fragrance.

Red June (Red Nagate)--Medium size, pointed; color deep red-purple; flesh yellow; quality good; cling. A good market variety. A vigorous, hardy, upright spreading tree, as productive as Abundance; of immense value for its very early ripen-ing. It is best in quality of any of the early Japanese varieties and is exceptionally free from rot. Tree strong and spreading, immensely productive and comes into bearing in two or three years.

Wickson—Large; carmine; flesh sweet. The stone is small and the flesh of fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious. of the largest plums grown. Tree an upright vigorous grower. Excellent keeper and shipper, is being planted largely for market. Sept.

October Purple—Fruit large; dark maroon; fine flavor. Tree good grower. Sept.
Satsuma — Large; purplish red; flesh juicy, dark red. Hardy and vigorous. Aug. Shiro—From Wickson and Robinson. Fruit egg-shaped, medium size, suture indistinct; smooth, bright yellow, transparent, bloom thin, white; cling, quality good. Remarkable for its productiveness, rivaling the Burbank in this respect.

Plums are indispensable for the home garden and orchard and have proven to be a source of large income to the commercial orchardist. The editor of The Rural New Yorker writes: "From one little Abundance tree we picked ten pecks of fruit. The quality is excellent. When fully ripe they are full of juice. The flesh is tender, and there is mingled with the plum a peach flavor that is refreshing and agreeable.'



ABUNDANCE-Very Productive

EUROPEAN VARIETIES OF PLUMS

Geuii—Extensively grown for market, having proved to be one of the most pro-fitable for that pur-pose. Tree hardy, very strong, vigorous, upright grower, spreading with age and bearing ; an early and very abundant bearer. Fruit large, roundish-oval. Skin dark purple, covered with a thick blue bloom; flesh pale vellow, a little coarse, rather firm, juicy, sweet, sprightly sub-acid, stone. Season last of August and first of September.

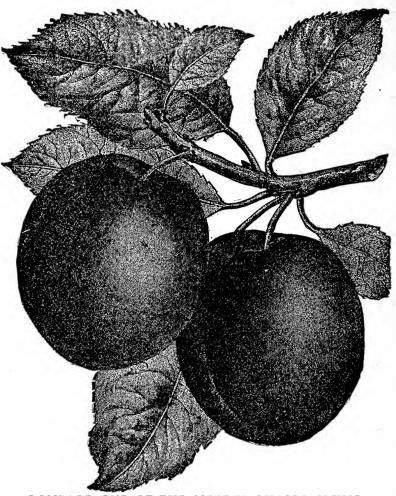
Împerial Gage—Rather large; oval; greenish; flesh juicy, rich, and delicious; parts from the stone. Tree a vigorous grower; very productive and one of the best plums. Middle of

August.
Lombard—A favorite with plum growers; of medium size; oval violet red; flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant. Tree very vigorous, a great bearer, and peculiarly well adapted to light soils. In my experience it out-

yields all other varieties, yet all varieties of Plums are remarkably productive. The fruit usually hangs so thick that one should thin out one half. The more you thin it the larger and better the remaining fruit will be. Sept.

Monarch—Of the largest size, even larger than Grand Duke; brilliant bluish purple. Free from rot and disease, and of extra good quality. One of the very best for home or market. Last of Sept.

home or market. Last of Sept.
Shipper's Pride—The fruit is of a large size, it being no uncommon occurrence to find specimens measuring two inches in diameter in each way, as it is nearly round. It is what Mr. Charles Downing calls a semi-cling, of a handsome dark purple color, excellent for canning and an unusually good shipper, arriving at its destination in



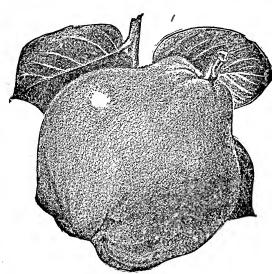
LOMBARD ONE OF THE MOST VALUABLE PLUMS

good order, and keeping a long time in excellent condition.

Thanksgiving Prune—Very productive, good quality and long keeper. This prune was introduced by C. A. Green. Mr. Green is the introducer of several new varieties of fruits. He says that this prune stood the test in the winter of 1904 without injury, when nearly all other varieties of prunes froze out. Ripens the first week in October and keeps in perfect condition until January

and keeps in perfect condition until January Tatge—This fine hardy plum of European strain originated in Iowa, by Elder Tatge, some twenty-five years ago. A fine grower; an early and profuse bearer with beautiful foliage. It has stood all the test winters for the past fifteen years and seems to be the most productive, long lived plum known. Excellent quality.

SELECT VARIETIES OF QUINCE



ORANGE QUINCE

Orange—Large, roundish; bright golden yellow; cooks tender and is of very excellent flavor. Valuable for preserves or flavoring; very productive; the most popular and extensively cultivated of the old varieties. October.

Bourgeat—A new golden prolific variety of the best quality. Tree a remarkably strong grower, surpassing all others, yielding immense crops, fruiting at three and four years in nursery rows. Fruit of largest size, round, rich golden color; smooth, very tender when cooked; has been kept until February in good condition.

Champion—Fruit very large, fair and handsome. Tree very handsome, surpassing other varieties in this respect; bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple and without hard spots or cores; flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked. The most valuable of all.

Missouri Mammoth—Large size, very productive; superb market sort.

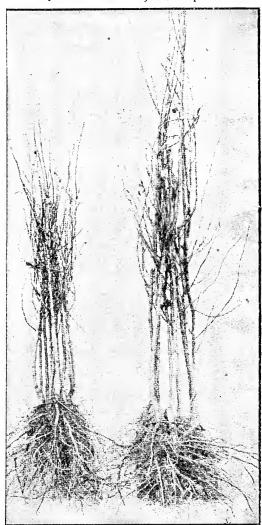
Meech's Prolific—The most prolific of all known varieties; ripens between the Orange and the Champion. Bears very early, usually a full crop at three years; quality unsurpassed and size large.

Ray's Mammoth—A seedling of the Orange; larger than that variety but of same form and color. Excellent flavor and very productive, flesh cooks as tender as the apple and without hard spots or cores. I regard it as one of the best quinces for northern latitudes. Oct.

The Quince is of late attracting a great deal of attention as a market fruit. Scarcely any fruit will pay better in the orchard. The tree is hardy and compact in growth, requiring but little space, productive, gives regular crops and comes early into bearing. The fruit is much sought after for canning for winter use. When put up in the portion of about one quart of Quinces to four quarts of other fruit, it imparts a delicious flavor.

It flourishes in any good garden soil, which should be kept mellow and well enriched. Prune off all the dead and surplus branches and thin out the fruit if bearing too freely.

Quince Trees Ready for Shipment



3 to 4 Feet Trees

4 to 5 Feet Trees



DWARF APPLE TREE

VALUABLE VARIETIES OF DWARF **APPLES**

Dwarf Apple Trees appeal to City Buyers whose small gardens have no room for Standard Trees, but offer ample space for a few dwarfs.

Like Dwarf Pear Trees they come into bearing much earlier than Standard Trees. Their low broad heads are within reach, so that apples or pears can be easily picked. You can plant your garden full of dwarf fruit trees and still grow strawberries and vegetables. With dwarfs some varieties will bear the second year, all will

bear a full crop the fourth year.

I offer the best trees budded on Paradise or Doucin stocks. They will succeed in many places where standard trees fail. In a word, they are the kind of dwarf trees that will put their strength into fruit instead of wood which I can supply in the following varieties:

Yellow Transparent, Gravenstein, Baldwin, McIntosh, Fameuse, Alexander, Duchess, Bismarck, Sweet Bough, Red Astrachan, Sutton Beauty, Fall Pippin.

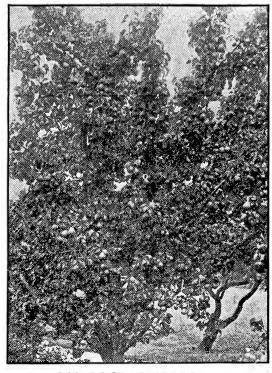
The use of dwarf trees is usually confined to apple and pears. While more dwarf trees can be planted upon an acre, and larger fruit can be produced, still they have not found favor among commercial orchardists except in a few sections where an extra high grade of fruit is desirable. Dwarf trees are secured by propagating upon a slow growing root, but will not remain dwarf unless severely headed-in every year.

VARIETIES OF DWARF **PEARS**

Dwarf pear trees often bear fruit the same year planted, and the trees occupy but little room in the garden. They can but little room in the garden. They can be planted very closely together and kept headed back. There is scarcely a city or town lot so small that room cannot be found for a few dwarf fruit trees. Their hardiness makes it possible for anybody, anywhere, to produce delicious fruits. I am confident that if my patrons were to spend hours choosing from local nurseries or the agent's catalogues, they would not find an equal number of varieties that possessed more valuable features for the possessed more valuable features for the home or market than those offered in this list.

I offer the following list of superior varieties of Dwarf pear trees. These are about all the varieties that will succeed as Dwarf trees. (See description of these on other pages.)

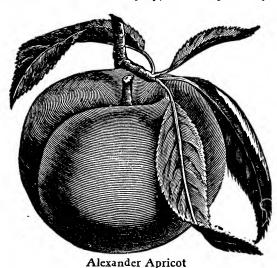
Bartlett, Seckel, Clapp's Favorite. Clairgeau, Duchess, Kieffer, Lawrence, Louise Bonne, Flemish Beauty Wilder Early.



DWARF PEAR TREES

SELECT VARIETIES OF APRICOTS BUDDED ON PLUM ROOTS

A delicious fruit of the Plum species. These Russian Apricots are quite distinct from the European varieties, which I have discarded, all but a very few of the best European varieties. This variety can be grown wherever Peaches can be grown. The other varieties can be grown successfully in any country where the Plum succeeds. They are the most beautiful and delicious of all fruits, commanding at all times a good price in our markets, both fresh and dried. We believe no garden should be without a few of these trees. They bear very young and abundantly. They will stand thirty degrees below zero without injury, and are perfectly free from insect ravages and disease.



Alexander—Very hardy, an immense bearer; fruit large, yellow, flecked with red; very beautiful, sweet and delic-

ious. July.

Alexis — Very hardy; an abundant bearer; yellow, with red cheek; large to very large; slightly acid, rich and

luscious. July.
Gibb—Tree hardy, grows symmetrical, productive; fruit medium, yellowish, sub-acid, juicy and rich; the best early variety, ripening soon after strawberries. A great acquisition. Last of June.
J. L. Budd—Tree a strong grower and

profuse bearer, fruit large, white with red cheek; sweet juicy, with a sweet kernel, as fine flavored as an almond; the best late variety and a decided ac-

quisition. August.

Harris—Equal in size and quality to the best cultivated, recommended for its hardiness and good bearing qualities. June 20th to July 1st.

Montgamet—Deep yellow, one of the best for preserving. Sub-acid and of good quality. Tree vigorous and productive.

St. Ambroise-One of the largest and finest apricots, ripening early in August.

DON'T BE DECEIVED It is J. H. Sheerin's Trees That Please His Patrons

Williamsburg, Mass., Apr. 25th, 1914 Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y. I received the stock in a year satisfier. I received the stock in a very satisfactory condition and have it all planted. The cherry trees I purchased of you in 1912 bore last year and are full of fruit buds Very truly yours, this spring. J. E. Shores.

Burnett's Creek, Ind., May 8th, 1914

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

I appreciate the care you took in packing the trees ordered of you this spring which came in fine condition. I am well pleased with the nice, straight, well-branched trees which are fresh and vigorous and as long as I buy trees you will receive my orders. Very truly yours,

G. B. Heeter.

Emid, Pa., Apr. 20th, 1914

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

I am well pleased with the trees you shipped me Mar. 25th. You should see my orchard of apple trees that I bought of you in 1911. It is as fine an orchard as you ever laid eyes upon. I notice quite a number of them have set fruit buds.

Very truly yours,

H. H. Bridenstine.

A Growth Worth While



AMERICAN SWEET CHESTNUT

Walnut, Black—A native tree of large size and majestic form, beautiful foliage. The most valuable of all trees for its timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of fine furniture and cabinet ware, and brings the highest price in market. Tree a rapid grower, producing a large round nut of excellent quality.



HICKORY NUTS

Hickory, Shell Bark—To our taste no other nut that grows, either foreign or native, is superior to this in quality; it possesses a peculiar, rich nutty flavor excelled by none. The tree is of sturdy, lofty growth. The wood, on account of its great strength and elasticity, is highly prized for making agricultural implements.

Chestnut Japan—Very distinct from all other chestnuts; dwarf grower, productive usually producing nuts when two or three years old. Nuts of immense size, far sur passing all other kinds.

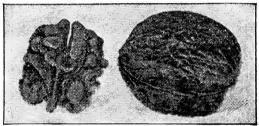
The growing demand for nuts, and the immense quantities of them yearly imported to meet it have given a great impetus to the planting of nut-bearing trees. The returns from established nut-bearing orchards, as well as numerous experiments, show plainly how successful nut culture may be made in many sections.

Chestnut, American Sweet—A valuable native tree, useful and ornamental; timber is very durable. Nuts sweet, of delicate flavor, and are a valuable article of commerce. No farm should be without its grove of nut-bearing trees, and the chestnut should be foremost wherever the soil is adapted to its growth.

adapted to its growth.

Butternut—A fine native tree producing a large longish nut, which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel.

Japan Walnut (Sieboldi)—Perfectly hardy rapid grower, handsome form, immense leaves; bears young and abundantly; one of the finest ornamental trees. Nuts produced in clusters; resembles butternut in shape and quality; smaller with smooth and thinner shell. Worthy of extensive planting.



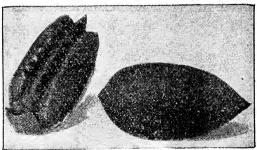
ENGLISH WALNUTS

English Walnut—A fine, lofty-growing tree, with handsome, spreading head; produces large crops of thin-shelled, delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. They are fairly hardy and are fruiting here in the Genesee Valley.

fruiting here in the Genesee Valley.

Pecans—Are hardier than English Walnuts, but will not succeed far north. This

nut is very productive.



PECAN NUTS

SELECT VARIETIES OF BLACKBERRIES

This profitable fruit should be planted for garden use in rows five feet apart, with plants three feet apart in rows; for market, in rows six feet apart, with plants three feet apart in the rows. Give the plants the same cultivation as for raspberries.



THE HARDY ELDORADO BLACKBERRY

Eldorado—The best all-round berry yet produced, combining nearly all the good qualities found in a blackberry. The vines are very hardy and vigorous, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. The berries are large, jet black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; they are very sweet, melting, have no hard core and keep for eight or ten days after picking with quality unimpaired.

Snyder—Extremely hardy; enormously productive; medium size.

Wilson's Early—Large size, black, quite firm, rich, sweet and good. Ripens early and matures its fruit rapidly; retains its

color well after picking.

Minniewaska—Wonderful, hardy, productive, good blackberry, has not been forgotten by us, or our old patrons. Its principal points are hardiness, excellent quality, earliness, and continued bearing and productiveness. The secret of its great productiveness is that it is an enormous

Erie—Bush vigorous; berry large, round; good quality; early and productive. An

excellent market sort.

Early Harvest—The earliest blackberry and valuable for market. The canes are strong and upright in growth and enormously productive. Berries sweet and of the highest quality.

Ancient Briton—Bush hardy and very productive. One of the best old sorts, and still grown in immense quantities by successful market gardeners.

Agawam—Ripens earlier than other kinds, and has a flavor similar and equal to the

wild berry. Very hardy.

Blower—Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality, unexcelled productiveness are the main characteristics of this splendid new sort.

Rathbun—Bush perfectly healthy, vigorous, but not a high growing sort; very rarely suckers from the roots. Fruit of largest size, highest quality, borne in great profusion.

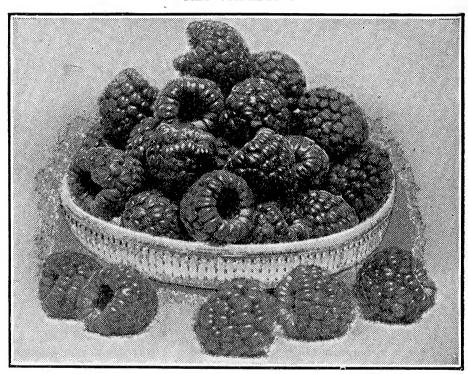
Lawton—Very large, excellent quality,

and an abundant bearer.

SELECT VARIETIES OF RASPBERRIES

Coming immediately after Strawberries, when there is a dearth of other fresh fruit, Coming immediately after Strawberries, when there is a dearth of other fresh fruit, Raspberries are equally desirable for planting in the garden for home use, and in the field for market. They are easily cultivated. Beds seldom require renewing. Their season of ripening is long. The fruit bears transportation well, and aside from the demand for it for immediate consumption, it brings highly remunerative prices for drying and canning. Plant in good soil, and manure it from time to time freely. The hills should be not less than four feet apart each way, with two or three plants on a hill. Cut out the old and weak shoots each year, preserving not over six for fruiting. Surplus suckers take strength from the bearing plants. They should be cut away or hoed up frequently.

RED VARIETIES



ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY "Early till Late"

Mr. John F. Leed, N. J., writes that St. Regis is a very early berry, very productive and has never been known to winter kill. Bears its second crop of berries on the ends of the new canes which he starts to pick the middle of August and continues until frost.

During the season of 1912, from one and one-quarter acres of the new ever-bearing St. Regis, Geo. W. Swank harvested and sold 15,502 pints of berries for \$962.42 his net receipts being \$526.59. In addition to the above, there were 151 pints lost in transit, claims for which are pending with the express company.

Loudon—The superior points of this excellent red raspberry are vigor of growth, large fruit; beautiful, rich, dark crimson color; good quality and marvelous productiveness and hardiness, enduring winters without protection and without injury to the very tips.

Cuthbert (The Queen of the market)—Large, conical; deep rich crimson; firm, of excellent quality. A vigorous grower; entirely hardy and immensely productive. "I regard it as the best raspberry for general culture."—Charles Downing. "Now regarded by careful and experienced horticulturists as the best raspberry in existence for general cultivation. I have it in a specimen bed with twenty-five other kinds, and it surpasses all others."—E. P. Roe.



CUMBERLAND The Largest of all Black Raspberries

Cumberland—This new berry is a very valuable acquisition. With its greatly superior size it combines the equally valuable characteristics of great firmness, splendid quality and wonderful productiveness. The plants are entirely hardy, very vigorous and healthy, and seem entirely unaffected by either anthracnose or "yellow blight." In season of ripening it follows Palmer and Souhegan, and precedes Gregg a short time, making it a mid-season variety.

Shaffer's Colossal Purple—An immense raspberry, both in cane and fruit. Canes are of wonderful vigor and size, hardy and enormously productive; berries are very large and of a purplish color.

Diamond—On account of its great productiveness, splendid keeping and evaporating qualities, one of the most profitable to grow. Very sweet and excellent.

Gregg-Of good size; fine quality, very productive and hardy. It takes the same position among black

caps as Cuthbert among the red sorts. No one can afford to be

without it.

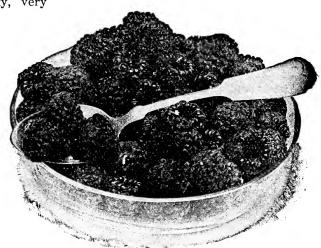
Nemaha-An excellent, large black, good quality, late variety. The very fact that it is considered to be better than the Gregg is enough to cause it to be plant-ed by every grower of black raspberries desiring a late variety.

Ohio—A very strong growing hardy sort; fruit medium to large, productive; valuable for market and much esteemed for

drying.

Plum Farmer—A variety from Northern New York, one of the best early varieties. With me it has proved perhaps to be the very best of its season. The berries are firm and meaty, with a decided bloom, similar to the Gregg. The fruit is large and very attractive. I think this is the best black raspberry today, in the hand of the market gardener.

Columbian—A strong grower; canes often ten to fifteen feet in length and over an inch in diameter. Never suckers from the roots. Very hardy. Fruit very large, dark red, bordering on purple; one of the most productive.

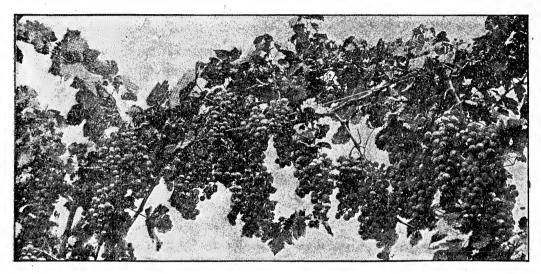


KANSAS The Best Black Raspberry

Kansas—A strong, vigorous grower; jet black, firm and delicious; larger than Gregg; the hardiest black cap known, successfully withstanding the winters of Canada. One of the very best.

SELECT VARIETIES OF GRAPES

The Grape is the most healthful of all fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses. It can be secured by everyone who has a garden, a yard or a wall. It can be confined to a stake, bound to a trellis, trained over an arbor, or extended until it-covers a large tree or building, and it still yields its graceful bunches and luscious, blooming clusters. Capable of most extraordinary results under wise management, it is prone, also, to give the greatest disappointment under bad culture or neglect. Other fruits may be had from plants that know no care: but Grapes are only to be had through attention and forethought. We will endeavor to point out a few essential point in its successful culture, and refer the cultivator to other and more extended works for more details. Good Grapes are grown on various soils, sandy, clayey, loamy, etc. The soil must be well drained, and there should be a free exposure to the sun and air. Hillsides unsuitable for other crops are good places for Grapes.



WORDEN GRAPE The Best Early Black

Worden—A splendid large grape of the Concord type, but earlier, larger in bunch and berry, and of decidedly better quality vine hardier than that old stand-by, and every way as healthy.

Isabella-Bunches long, large, loose, berries large, oval, juicy, sweet and musky; a vigorous grower; hardy; an immense

bearer. A good keeper.

Eaton—Seedling of the Concord. Bunch and berries of largest size, showy and attractive. Leaf large, thick and leathery; berries round, covered with heavy, blue bloom; pulp tender, separating freely from seeds.

campbell's Early—Strong grower, with large, healthy foliage; productive; its keeping and shipping qualities are equalled by no other early Grape. Ripens with Moore's Early, but will keep in sound, perfect condition long after that variety is gone. Bunch and berry large, glossy black, with blue bloom, sweet and juicy, seeds few and small, part readily from the pulp.

McPike—A seedling of the Worden, fully

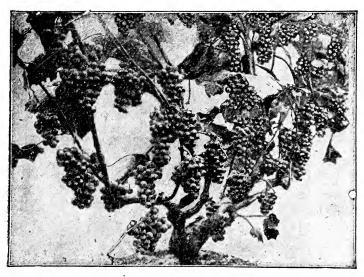
McPike—A seedling of the Worden, fully as vigorous, hardy and productive, ripening at same time. Bunch very large, compact, black with blue bloom; berries mammoth size, usually three inches or more in circumference, extra fine quality.

Moore's Early—Bunch large, berry large, round with heavy blue bloom, vine exceedingly hardy. Its earliness makes it desirable for an early market; its hardiness particularly adapts it to Canada and Northern portions of the United States.

Woodruff-Of ironclad hardiness. A rank grower and very healthy. The fruit is large in bunch and berry, attractive, shouldered, m bunch and berry, attractive, shouthered; sweet and of fair quailty. Desirable as a market variety where many others fail. Ripens soon after Concord.

Massasoit—Rogers' No. 3—A vigorous vine; berries medium in size, brownish red; flesh tender and sweet; ripens early.

Elvira-Vigorous, healthy grower, very productive; bunch and berries medium size. A good wine grape. Ripens with Catawba.



CONCORD The Best Late Black Grape

Moore's Diamond—A pure native, bunch large, compact; berry medium size; color greenish white with a yellow tinge when fully ripe; flesh juicy and almost without pulp; quality very good. Vine vigorous and productive.

Pocklington-One of the largest and most

showy white grapes of the Concord type.

Catawba — Berries large, round; when fully ripe of a dark copper color.

Lindley (Roger's No. 9)—Berries medium to large, flesh tender, sweet and aromatic

ripens early. Vergennes-Berries large, holding firmly to the stem, light amber; rich and delicious

Is an excellent late keeper.

Wyoming—Vine very hardy, healthy and robust, one of the most beautiful of the amber or red grapes, and in size nearly double that of the Delaware, flesh tender, juicy, sweet with a strong native aroma.

Green Mountain (Winchell) — An extra early variety from Vermont. Skin thin, pulp tender and sweet, quality superb. Bunch and berry medium size. Vine hardy, vigorous and productive.

Delaware—Red, finest flavor. Bunch and berry small, compact; sweet, thin skin; slow grower; requires good soil.

Salem (Roger's No. 53) -Bunch large, compact; berry large, round coppery red, tender, juicy. Ripens with Concord.

Niagara White-Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black; the leading profitable market sort. Bunch and berries large, greenish white changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough; quality much like Concord.

Concord - Bunch large, shouldered, compact; berries large, covered with a rich bloom. Vine a strong grower, very hardy.

Agawam (Roger's No. 15) (Red)—Berries very large, thick skin, pulp soft, sweet, sprightly, very vigorous, ripens early.

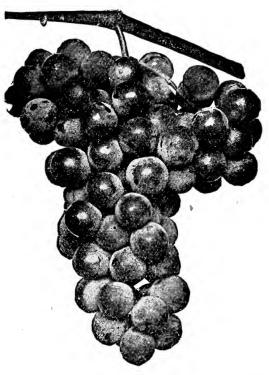
Brighton - Perhaps the best red grape in cultiva-tion. Bunch large, compact; strong grower and very productive; quality good.

Wilder (Rogers' No. 4)-Bunch and berry very large, round; flesh toler-

ably tender; sprightly.

Hartford—A hardy, profuse bearing, and tolerably good grape; very early and reliable, and a valuable market variety on this account.

Early Ohio-Very early, hardy and productive, strong, thrifty grower. Good sized bunch, berry smaller than Concord; adheres firmly to the stem. A profitable early market sort.



Everybody Should Plant a Niagara Grape Vine

SELECT VARIETIES OF CURRANTS

Plant in rows four feet apart each way, if practicable. Light and air will do as much to enhance the value of currant bushes as with other plants. Keep the ground mellow, free from weeds, and in a good state of fertility, and prune freely every spring. Should the currant worm appear, dust a little white hellebore powder from a small coarse bag, over the bushes when the leaves are damp. In some instances it may be necessary to repeat this process, but the trouble and expense of exterminating the worms is trifling, if the powder is applied as soon as the worms appear.

Cherry-Very large, deep red, rather acid; bunches short. Plants erect, stout, vigorous and productive.

Fay's Prolific—Originated in Chautauqua County, N. Y. A cross between Cherry and Victoria. Of large size, fine flavor, and claimed to be five times as prolific as the Cherry. A great acquisition.

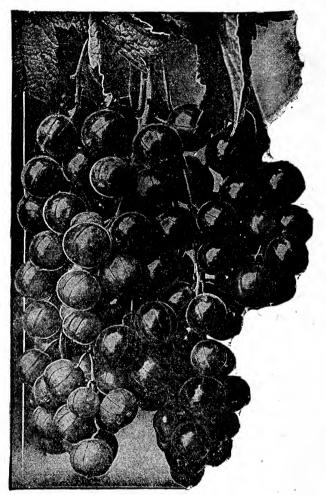
Red Dutch—An old well-known sort, good quality, berry medium, long bunch. Very productive.

Red Cross—A fine new red currant of large size; long clusters; mild, pleasant flavor; a vigorous grower and very productive.

Wilder—Bunch and berries very large, bright red color. Hangs on bushes in fine condition for handling, larger than any other variety. Equal to Fay's in size but larger bunches, quality better with less acidity; more prolific than Fay's and a stronger grower.

Victoria Rcd—A splendid variety, ripening two or three weeks later than the others and continuing in fine condition for a long period. Bunches extremely long; berries of medium size, brilliant red and of the highest quality.

White Grape—Very large, yellowish white, sweet or very mild acid; excellent quality and valuable for the table. The finest of all the white sorts. Very distinct from White Dutch, having a low spreading habit, and dark green foliage. Very productive.



FAY'S CURRANT

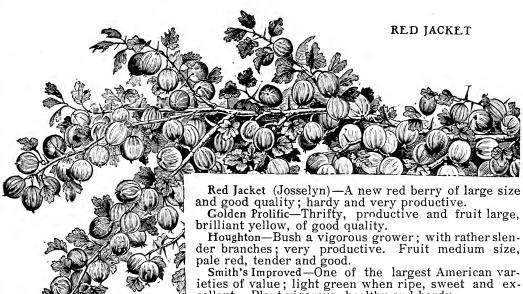
Black Champion—From England, pronounced to be the finest Black Currant. The bushes grow very large and the flavor of the fruit excellent.

Perfection—A cross between Fay's Prolific and White Grape. Color, beautiful bright red; size as large or larger than the Fay, the clusters averaging longer.

London Market—For many years this variety has been fruiting in Michigan where it is now planted extensively and regarded as the best market variety of that great fruit state. Plant is extremely vigorous, with perfect foliage which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper. Ripens with Victoria, is larger in both bunch and berry, a better bearer. For any use—home, garden or market—one of the best.

SELECT VARIETIES OF GOOSEBERRIES

So useful for cooking when green or ripe, and may be canned with such facility, that it is being cultivated very extensively for both home and market use.



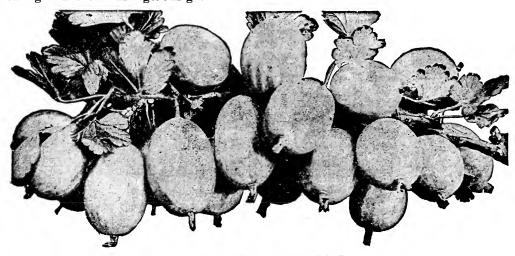
cellent. Plant vigorous, healthy and hardy.

Columbus—An American seedling, large size; skin greenish yellow, smooth and high quality; bush strong, robust grower, the best American gooseberry yet introduced.

Industry—Large; oval, dark red, rich and agreeable.

Pearl—Originated by Professor William Saunders, Ottawa, Canada. It is a wonderful cropper, strong grower and free from mildew. Fruit third larger than Downing.

Chautauqua—Fruit large, smooth, veined, translucent; skin thick; quality very sweet and high-flavored. A vigorous grower.



DOWNING GOOSEBERRY

Downing Gooseberry-Greenish white; bush very hardy, with stiff, strong shoots; foliage heavy, covering the fruit from the sun, bears most abundantly and is profitable for market. It is recommended as proof against mildew and free from spines; enormously productive, and extensively grown for both home and market use.

STRAWBERRIES

The strawberry delights in good, rich, moist soil, but will grow on any soil which is capable of raising good general crops. By planting early, medium and late varieties, the grower is supplied with fruit during the entire strawberry season. In hill culture plant 15 inches apart each way, in beds 4 feet wide, with alleys of 2 feet between. For matted rows, plant 1 foot apart in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, for varieties which make plants freely; for other varieties, 3 feet apart will answer.

I pack all my Strawberries in baskets containing about 1,000 plants each, in damp moss, a much superior way to packing them in large, tight boxes. Their freshness

upon arrival at destination is surprising.

NOTE—Do not order strawberry plants sent by freight. My patrons order from 50 to 500 trees, and 500 or more strawberry plants by freight. Now the trees should go by freight and the strawberries by express, or small lots by mail. In all cases when desired by mail, add postage at rate of 20c. per 100. Always state plainly that the strawberry plants are to be sent by express or mail.

Senator Dunlap—A well tested, early variety, one of the safe sorts to plant every-where. Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality, one of the best for capping of the best for canning.

Jessie—Large, handsome, roundish conical; firm; of good quality. Plant vigorous and productive. One of the best for home

Season early to medium.

Crescent - Medium, uniform, conical; bright scarlet; ripens with Wilson but continues longer. Plants wonderfully rank growers. Succeeds on all soils.

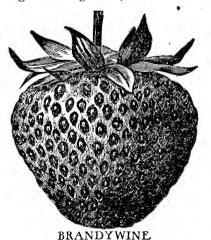
Sharpless—This grand old sort originated in Pennsylvania, and has been planted everywhere with very satisfactory results. Fruit large size, showy and good: Season medium.

Wilson's Albany—The old standard sort

for preserving and canning.

Haverland—Large, long, bright red; a great yielder. One of the best of recent introduction.

Glen Mary—An exceedingly attractive berry, as large as the Sharpless. Color a bright glossy crimson and so handsome that it brings the highest prices in market;



CORSICAN

moderately firm, and fine in flavor. plant is vigorous, healthy and very productive, and the berries maintain their large size until the close of the season.

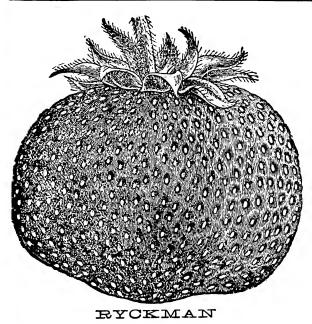
Brandywine—A very late and firm berry a good shipper, good canner, a good all around strawberry. Season medium to

very late.

McKinley-Medium to late. Fruit large and firm, of round, conical shape and bright red color which extends clear through the meat. Always attractive and of highest qaulity. On rich loamy soil the fruit is very large, five and one-half pounds of fruit were grown from twelve plants of the McKinley strawberry.

Corsican is a great strawberry for many reasons. First, it is the biggest berry; second, it is the brighest and best in color; third, it is a great yielder, and producer; fourth, and the most important of all, the foliage is exceedingly vigorous and leathery, resisting fungus, drought, weeds,

and even neglect of cultivation.



Marshall—An extra large and handsome berry of a high color and fine quality, ripening very early. Plants strong, with high culture produces heavy crops.

Sample—Late, of large size and includes the strong and the strong are strong are strong are strong are strong and the strong are s

Sample—Late, of large size and yields enormous quantities of high quality bright red berries. A stand-

ard shipping variety.

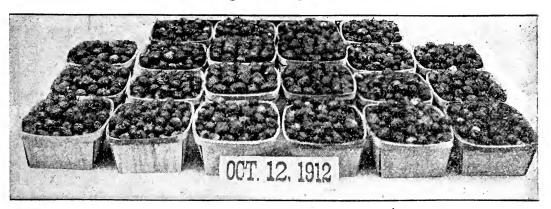
Michael's Early—Very productive;
berries medium size, bright crimson, fair quality.

Ryckman (Per.)—This variety is noted throughout the country for its immense size and productiveness. It produces an abundance of very large and vigorous plants and tremendous crops of very large berries. Many extensive growers say that it produces larger crops the second year even than the first. It has also distinguished itself as a great variety for poor soil and fruiting continuously on the same ground for several years. It has netted growers as high as \$300 and \$400 from half an acre and has

\$400 from half an acre and has produced 15 berries to the quart under ordinary farm culture. It ripens in early midseason. Berries are of a bright scarlet color and excellent flavor.

FALL BEARING STRAWBERRIES

I offer the three leading and most profitable varieties below.



AMERICUS FALL BEARING STRAWBERRIES

Americus—Plant medium sized, foliage medium; a shade lighter in color than Francis, has a good heavy root system, a fairly good plant maker, blossoms strongly staminate, fruit light red, heart shaped, of fine texture, good quality.

Productive (Ipm.)—A seedling of Pan-American and Autumn. Plants model growers, large, deep rooted, sturdy and hardy. Berries medium to large in size with prominent seeds on the outside, making it a good keeper and shipper.

Pan American (Per)—The first fall-bearing strawberry of American origin. It is just as persistent in bearing a crop in the fall months as other varieties are in the spring months, and is a good yielder.

GARDEN ROOTS—ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARR



Asparagus Ready for Market

Cultivation—See that the ground is well drained, naturally or otherwise, work it up fine and deep and make it very rich with well rotted barnyard manue. Locate the plants eight inches apart in rows three feet apart. Spread out the roots in a trench made deep enough to permit their crowns to be covered with three or four in-ches of mellow earth. Give the bed liberal dressings of manure at intervals, and except near the sea-shore, three pounds of salt per square yard early every spring. Do not cut for use until the plants have grown two seasons.

Palmetto-Until recently we believed that Conover's Colossal was Palmetto—Onth recently we believed that conover's colossal was the best sort known, but we are now forced to concede that the Palmetto is earlier and a better yielder, and more even and better in growth, and that it will eventually supersede the old favorite. The average bunches contain 155 shoots, measuring thirteen and one-half inches in circumference, weighing nearly two pounds. It has been tested both north and south, and has proved entirely successful in every instance. cessful in every instance.

Donald's Elmira—This is a new variety which is attracting much attention from all lovers of asparagus. It originated at Elmira, N. Y., hence its name. It realizes the best prices in the market, and the supply has never half equalled the demand. The delicate green color is noticeably different from either the famous Barr's Philadelphia Mammoth or Palmetto, while the stalks are more tender and succulent. Its mammoth size can be realized from the fact that in whole crops a bunch of twelve stalks will average four pounds in weight. It requires less labor in cutting and bunching, thus lessening the ex-

pense of marketing.

Barr's Mammoth—This is the finest asparagus ever offered for sale, being much larger and earlier than any other. The stalks are very large, tender, and of light color.

Conover's Colossal—This variety is much superior in size and quality to any other,

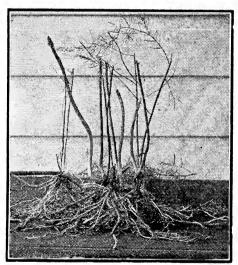
being remarkably tender and fine flavored.

Columbian Mammoth White-A distinct variety of strong, vigorous growth, producing very large, white shoots, that in favorable weather remain white as long as fit to use. Market gardeners and those growing for canners will find this a very profitable variety.

Giant Argenteuii—A French variety introduced several years ago, is proving the finest and most profitable. Stalks mammoth size, bright, attractive color, sweet and tender. It is an immense yielder and very early, makes beds strong enough for profitable cutting before any other variety.

Horse Radish-Will stand a great deal of hardship and persist in soil year after year. Plant in deep, rich, cool soil. The yield will vary according to the soil and treatment. As high as ten tons have been secured from one acre.

Sage (Holt's Mammoth)—Plants of strong growth; leaves large, borne well above the ground; of strong flavor and superior quality.



ASPARAGUS ROOTS .

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

This deserves to be ranked among the best early products of the garden. It affords the earliest material for fine pies and fresh table sauce, continues long in use, and is valuable for canning. Make the ground rich and deep, and thus secure a more tender growth.

Early Scarlet—Rather small, but early and good.

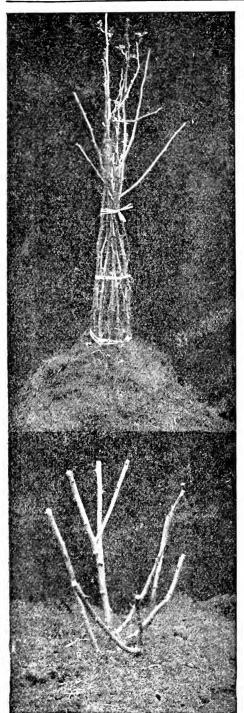
Myatt's Linnaeus-Large, early, tender and fine. The very best of all.

TREE ROSES



Every Garden Should Have One or More of these Hardy Tree Roses

The Tree Roses are grafted on hardy rose canes four to five feet high, are tree shaped, and when in full bloom are objects of beauty, making handsome plants for the lawn. I can supply them in the following colors, White, Red, Crimson and Pink extra fine strong trees that will bloom the first year. Please order by color. Price of Tree Roses, your selection of color, 45c each, \$4.00 for 10.



Upper Cut Shows my Strong, 2 Year Field Grown Bush

Lower Cut Shows Same Bush Planted and Pruned

SELECT VARIETIES OF HARDY ROSES

Strong Field Grown 2 Year Bushes

The Rose will grow almost anywhere and under all circumstances. It is easily transplanted and commences to blossom a few weeks after planting. It is true that they give best results if planted in a rich loamy soil. Protect them during the winter by bending the bushes to the earth and covering up the whole bush with strawy litter or covering the bush with evergreens. Pruning should not be overlooked. Roses will blossom from June to November with management. For an abundance of early blossoms prune the bush immediately spring opens, and for late flowering the bush should be severely pruned after June flowering.

Two Year Bushes Ready for Immediate Effect— The bushes I send by express or freight are two year old and bushes that will blossom the first season planted.

Alfred Colcomb—Brilliant carmine crimson, very large, full of fine globular form and extremely fragrant.

Anne de Driesbach—One of the best and most satisfactory Hybrid Perpetual Roses. A strong, vigorous grower, extremely hardy; producing very large, double flowers, of a lovely shade of carmine and delightfully fragrant.

Augusta Mie—Delicate pink, finely cupped. A vigorous grower.

Baron de Bonstetten—Rich, velvety maroon; large, full. A splendid sort.

Coquette des Alpes—White, slightly shaded with carmine; form semi-cupped; wood long jointed; large, handsome flowers. The strongest grower of the entire class.

Coquette des Blanches—Pure white, sometimes faintly tinged with pink; flowers of medium size, somewhat flat, but full and very pretty, growth more bushy and symmetrical than any of the others; one of the hardiest.

Sheerin's Rose Collection No. 1

10 Roses, 2 year Catalogue Price \$2.75 Special Bargain Price \$2.35.

1 Tree Rose any color desired, 2 Paul Neyron, 1 Margaret Dickson, 1 Persian Yellow, 1 Prince Camile De Rohan, 1 Magna Charta, 1 Frau Karl Druschki, 1 Crimson Rambler, 1 Dorothy Perkins.

Every garden should have one or more of these Collections.

10 Roses, Worth \$2.75 for \$2.35



PRINCE CAMILE DE ROHAN

Prince Camile de Rohan-Very dark velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon.

Marshall P. Wilder—Bright cherry carmine; very fragrant and one of the freest bloomers. Vigorous.

Baron de Bonstetten-Flowers large and very double; color rich, dark red, passing

to deep velvety maroon. Very fragrant.
Clio—New. The perfection in Hybrid Perpetuals. Of delicate satin blush with a little deeper center. Large, well shaped and very double. Strong, robust, hardy and prolific. A jewel.

American Beauty—Very large and double. Of globular shape. Deep pink, shaded

with carmine. Fragrance exquisite.

Anne de Diesbach—Very large, brilliant crimson; fragrant, vigorous.

Mad. Plantier—Pure white, large and very double. A free bloomer and grower.

LaFrance—Rich satiny peach, changing to deep rose; large and full. A constant bloomer. The sweetest of all.

Magna Charta—Pink and carmine: years.

Magna Charta-Pink and carmine; very large and full; a profuse bloomer. Fragrant.

Free grower.

Vick's Caprice—Soft pink, striped carmine; an odd variegation which makes a very attractive modification of the plain colors.

Alfred Colomb—Bright carmine-crimson; one of the very best dark colored sorts.

Persian Yellow—Deep, bright yellow; small but handsome; double; a very early bloomer, and much the finest hardy yellow

Harrison's Yellow, Free-Double; bright

yellow; very showy and fine.
John Hopper—Bright rose with carmine center; large and full. A profuse bloomer and standard sort.

John Keynes-Of brilliant red, shaded with velvety crimson; magnificent buds; a variety that is very satisfactory to all lovers

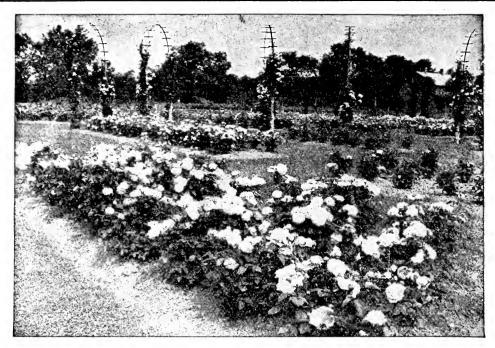
of roses; good grower; quite hardy.
Live Forever Rose—I recommend this rose to all, especially to those who have not been able to succeed with roses. Plant it in large beds and you will have a display of bloom that will attract attention and admiration. Plant it in the form of a hedgerow and you will have something attractive and unique. You can train it low or high as you desire. Live-Forever Rose can be trained as a climbing or as a bedding rose, or it can be trained to a single stalk like a rose tree.

Margaret Dickson-New, perfectly hardy and very vigorous. A free summer and autumn bloomer. Flowers white with pale flesh center, of a waxy texture and delightful fragrance.

Multiflora—Can be grown either as a climber or an upright grower. A very vigorous variety, blooming in June only, the bush being covered with a wealth of pinkish white blossoms changing to pink. The flowers are medium or above, and borne in heavy clusters.



MAGNA CHARTA



A BED OF FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI ROSES

Frau Karl Druschki—A pure paper white, large sized and free flowering. It is a remarkably handsome plant with bright, heavy foliage and strong, upright growth. The bloom is perfect in form on fine, long stems, and of the purest possible white. There is nothing in the line of perfectly hardy Roses that can compare with this one in form, color and general finish.

Mrs. John Laing—New. As a bedding rose this is undoubtedly one of the best varieties yet introduced, being hardly ever out of bloom all summer. Color a beautiful shade of delicate pink; of large size and very fragrant. It is also a good forcer from January onward.

General Jacqueminot — Brilliant crimson, large and very fine; one of the handsomest and most showy roses of this color. Beautiful in the bud; semi-double when full blown. Of fine free growth: a universal favorite.

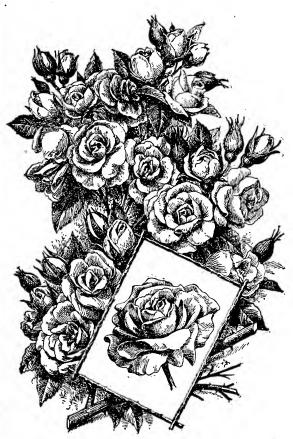
Paul Neyron—This magnificent rose, by far the largest variety in cultivation, very double and full, of a beautiful deep rose color, and delightfully fragrant; borne upon vigorous, upright shoots in great abundance throughout the entire season. We recommend this variety very highly for general planting, as it is calculated to give more satisfaction to the masses than any other known variety.

Killarney—Queen of the Irish Roses, of exquisite form and fragrance. Bright carmine pink, marbled in creamy white, with petals large and durable, the buds extremely long.



PAUL NEYRON ROSE

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES



DOROTHY PERKINS ROSE

Dorothy Perkins — Perfectly hardy; flowers of large size for this class of rose, usually about one and one-half inches across; are borne in clusters from ten to thirty and are very double; the petals are very prettily rolled back and crinkled; the buds are remarkably pretty, being pointed in shape and of just the right size for the button hole. Color beautiful, clear shell pink and holds a long time without fading; flowers are very sweet scented, a characteristic not possessed by most other roses of this class; a good companion for Crimson Rambler; at the Pan-American Exposition there was a bed of Dorothy Perkins roses which attracted an immense amount of attention.

Philadelphia Rambler—This variety is a cross between Crimson Rambler and Hybrid Perpetual Victor Hugo and is identical in all respects to the Crimson Rambler except in color, which is a deeper, brighter and more intense crimson, which never fades out, and while it is not expected to supersede the old favorite, it is a most valuable addition to our list of hardy climbing Roses.

Crimson Rambler—A climbing rose of unusual attractions. Very hardy, having withstood 10 degrees below zero without covering. Vigorous in growth, having grown 8 to 10 feet in a season. Produces a profusion of blossoms, having been known to produce 300 blossoms on one shoot. The Crimson Rambler is especially adapted for covering trellises. Its cluster form, its brill-parth of time, the flowers remain on

iancy, the abundance of its bloom, and the great length of time the flowers remain on the plant without falling, are qualities which make this rose an assured favorite.

Yellow Rambler—A strong grower, with large trusses of nearly double pale yellow flowers.

White Rambler—Also perfectly hardy and a strong, vigorous grower; flowers white.

Baltimore Belle—Pale blush, nearly white. Blooms in clusters Pink Rambler—Flowers medium size, pink, in clusters.

ROSA RUGOSA

A valuable, perfect hardy type much used in landscape work; the heavy wood and shrubby formation adapting it to hedges and hardy borders, or to mixed shrubbery groups. The foliage is lustrous, dark green, usually corrugated and is imprevious to attacks of insect pests. Flowers are borne in clusters of varying size and construction and are succeeded by persistent fruits which carry their usefulness into winter.

Rosa Rugosa Rubra-Single flowers, rosy crimson.

Rosa Rugosa Alba-Pure white.

MOSS ROSES

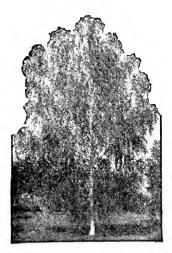
Perpetual White Moss—Pure white.

Salet Moss—A vigorous grower and perpetual bloomer.

Light rose, large, full. The best of the class. A true, perpetual moss blooming at intervals from June until November.



MOSS ROSE



Cut Leaf Weeping Birch

Ornamental Department

While most people appreciate well arranged and well kept grounds, large or small, many fail to realize that they can have equally fine grounds. We frequently observe a few shrubs or roses growing in thick turf, with no attention given to pruning or cultivation. Under such circum-

stances good results cannot be expected.

Aside from the pleasure of having fine trees, shrubs, vines and flowers in the grounds surrounding a home, few realize how much these add to the commercial value of the place. A purchaser having to decide between a house with bare and unkept grounds and one surrounded by fine ornative the light of the place. mentals, invariably chooses the latter at a marked advance in price, because he sees that he will at once enjoy what it would otherwise take some years to secure. Sagacious men are led by a knowledge of these facts to plant fine trees and shrubs about vacant lots that they are intending to put upon the market. Lots thus planted readily secure purchasers at good prices when bare grounds go begging for buyers.

How to Plant

Do not make the mistake of planting at random all over the grounds. A fine, well-cut lawn is one of the handsomest features of a place. Trees may be planted along a lane or avenue leading to the house, or dotted about the lawn on lines radiating from the house. This will secure light and air, with good views from the house. Upright shrubs and roses should be planted in beds, each class by itself, about the borders of the grounds. These beds should be well cultivated and the plants annually pruned. When the growth of the plants has made them very thick, some should be taken out. It will not do to plant so little that years must elapse before a fine effect will be produced. A surplus should be planted at first and this gradually taken out. Vines should be planted near the house and allowed to climb upon and about it, or they may be trained on posts, arbor or stakes, placed in suitable locations on the lawn.

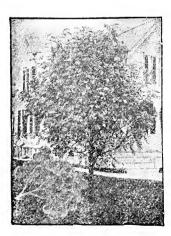
Upright Deciduous Trees

Birch—(Betula).

European White—(Alab)—A fine tree of moderate size, with silvery bark and slender branches.

Purple-Leaved—(Folis Purpureis)—A variety possessing the vigorous habits of the species, and having the rich, purple foliage.

Horse Chestnut-(Aesculus).



Mountain Ash

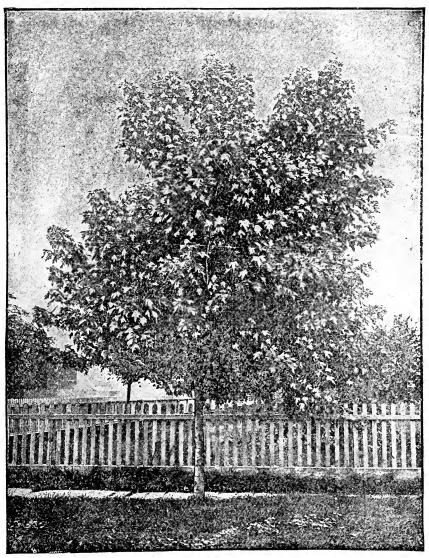
Red-Flowering — (Rebicunda) -Not so rapid or fine a grower as the White; foliage of a deep green and blooms later, with showy, red flowers.

White-Flowering — (Hippocasta-num)—A very beautiful, well known tree, with round, dense head, dark green foliage, and an abundance of showy flowers.

Reynoldsville, Pa. My order of trees received and I am well pleased and so are all my customers. Trees are in firstclass condition and are better than we expected to get at the price. Mr. James Hetrick will send you an order, (by my recommendation). Please send me a Fall catalogue, as I will send you more orders—Amos Hetrick.



White Flowering Horse Chestnut



SILVER-LEAVED MAPLE

Maple Silver-Leaved (A. dasycarpum)— One of the most ornamental of the species; the under surface of the leaves a soft white. It is exceedingly rapid in its growth, often making shoots six feet long in a season; valuable as a street tree.

Maple Ash-Leaved (Negundo fraxinfolium) —A fine, rapid growing variety with hand-some, light green, pinnated foliage and spreading head. Very hardy.

Maple Wier's Cut-Leaved (weirii Lacinia-

tum)—A Silver Maple with remarkable and beautiful dissected foliage. Of rapid growth; shoots slender and drooping, giving it a very graceful appearance. Should be in every collection. While it makes a large tree if undisturbed, it will bear any amount of pruning and may be easily adapted to small lawns.

Maple Norway (Plantanoides)—One of the hardiest ornamental shade trees, and

one of the most beautiful.

(Saccharinum)— Sugar or Rock Maple This native tree of ours is a universal favorite for street planting, and desirable every-where. This tree is chieftain of its clan, straight, spreading symmetrical, of grand proportions, often 120 feet in height, and longer-lived than most men who plant it. It grows well in all except damp, soggy soils, and roots deeply, allowing the grass to grow close about its trunk.



American Elm

Elm—The most admired of all American trees. It is very attractive in any suitable location, is entirely hardy and easily transplanted. There are more Elm trees planted along our streets and highways than any other one variety. This is on account of its dense green foliage, which spreads out from overhead, covering a suitable space of ground in proportion to the size of the tree, which makes it the finest shade tree in the world. We have a large stock of these handsome and most beautiful trees.

Elm American White—(American)—The noble, spreading drooping tree of our own woods. One of the grandest and hardiest of park or street trees.

Elm English—(Campestres)—An erect, lofty tree, with rather small leaves.

Elm Purple—(Stricta Purpurea)—A beautiful variety; leaves of rich purple color when young.

Elm Scotch or Wych—(Montana)—A fine spreading tree,

of rapid growth; foliage large. Mountain Ash European—(Aucuparia)—A fine, hardy tree; head dense and regular; covered from July till winter with large clusters of bright, red berries.

Mountain Ash Oak-Leaved—(Quercifolia)—A hardy tree of fine habit; head breadth from twenty to thirty, feet;

foliage simply and deeply lobed. A very fine lawn tree.

Linden American—(Americana)—A rapid growing, beautiful, native tree, with very large leaves and fragrant flowers.

Linden European—(Europeaea)—A very fine, pyramid tree, with large leaves and fragrant flowers. Only desirable on large grounds.

Linden White or Silver Leaved—(Argentea)—A Pandsome, vigorous growing tree; large leaves, whitish on the under side, and has a beautiful appearance, when ruffled by the One of the best.

Thorn Double Scarlet—(Coccinea fl. pl.)—Flowers deep crimson with scarlet shade; very double and considered larger than the double red; fine, rich foliage.

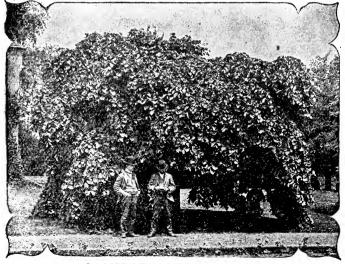
Thorn Double White—(Alba flore pleno)—Has small, double, white flowers.

Thorn Paul's Double Scarlet—(Coccinea fl. pl. Prulii)—Flowers large, deep carmine, scarlet. Superior to other varieties. Tulip Trees—(Liriodendron)—A magnificent native tree,



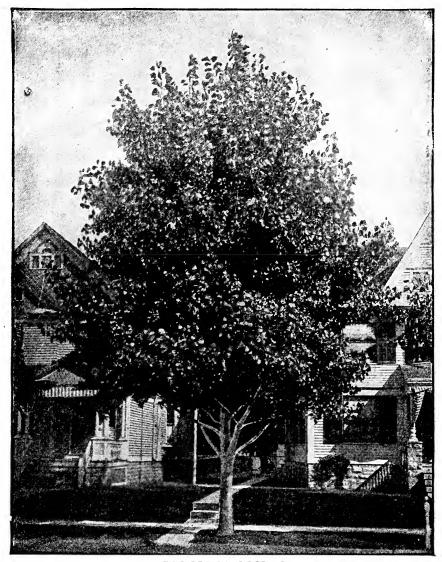
tulip-like flowers; allied to and like the magnolias, them difficult to transplant unless of small size.

Elm Camperdown Weeping —A vigorous grower and forms one of the most picturesque drooping trees. Leaves large, dark green and glossy and cover the tree with a luxurious mass of verdure; very desirable.



CAMPERDOWN WEEPING ELM

Pencook, N, H. Received your Check for \$2.26 and must say, your firm is on the level. The trees I received were very nice trees and about all of them have started. I may want a few more next year and will recommend your firm to all friends — W. my FLANDERS.



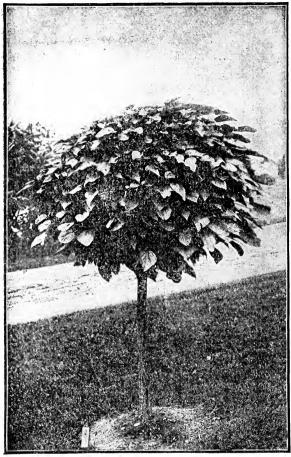
CAROLINA POPLAR

Poplar Carolina—(Populus)—Pyramidal in form and robust in growth; leaves large, pale to deep green. This is undoubtedly a grand tree for street planting or lawn, where a quick shade is wanted. If the leaders are kept pruned back the first two or three years, will make well shaped, round heads with dense shade. Trees are healthy, robust growers. We know of no disease to bother this tree, and the easiest tree to transplant we know of.

Lombardy Poplar—This is an old favorite. Well known and remarkable for its erect, rapid growth, and tall, spiral form. Indispensable in landscape gardening to break the ordinary and monotonous outlines of most other trees.

Salisburea Maiden Hair Tree—(Adiantifolia)—One of the most beautiful of lawn trees. A native of Japan. Of medium size, rapid growth and rich, glossy, fern-like foliage. Rare and elegant.

Your trees reached me in fine condition. The packing could not have been better and the trees and vines are beauties. Accept my thanks.—John L. Wilson, Anderson, Mo.



CATALPA BUNGEI

Magnolia—One of the most beautiful species of flowering trees. Being difficult to transplant, small trees three or four

feet high are preferable.

Magnolia Acuminata (Cucumber tree)—A beautiful pyramidal growing, native species, growing to the height of sixty or

seventy feet, with large glossy leaves; flowers yellow, tinted with bluish-purple.

Magnolia Soulangeana (Soulange's Magnolia.)—Shrubby and branching while young, but becoming a fair sized tree. Flowers white and purple, cup-shaped, 3 to 5 inches diameter. Foliage large, glossy and massive. One of the hardiest and finest of the foreign Magnolias.

Mulberry Pussian A your bondy posid granting distribution.

Mulberry Russian—A very hardy, rapid growing timber tree of great value, especially in the West. Introduced by the Mennonites; foliage abundant, and said to be very desirable in the culture of silk worms. Fruit of good size and produced

in great abundance.

Mulberry, Downing's Everbearing—The beauty of this as a lawn or street tree is quite enough to comment it, but in addition it yields an abundant supply of its large refreshing berries for about three months. "I regard it as an indispensable addition to every fruit garden; and I speak what I think when I say I had rather have one tree of Downing's Everbearing Mulberry than a bed of Strawberries."—Henry Ward Beecher.

Catalpa Speciosa—A variety originating in the West; more upright and symmetrical in its growth than the common Catalpa (Syringaefolia), blossoms two or three weeks earlier. Valuable for timber, fence posts, etc., possessing wonderful durability. A very ornamental and valuable tree.

Catalpa Syringaefolia—A native of the South. A rapid growing, beautiful tree, with very large, heart-shaped leaves and pyramidal clusters of white and purple flowers a foot long. July.

Catalpa Bungei (Umbrella Catalpa)—

Catalpa Bungei (Umbrella Catalpa)—Grafted on stems six to eight feet high, it makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning. Perfectly hardy, and flourishes in almost all soils and climates. Leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped, deep green; lay like shingles on a roof; always making a symmetrical head. One of the most unique trees, a valuable acquisition, desirable for lawn, park and cemetery planting. Can also be supplied worked low, making an exceedingly handsome dwarf specimen.

Red Flowered Dogwood—A strong growing shrub with clusters of fine white flowers, the stem and branches turning to blood-red in winter. Very conspicuous and ornamental.

White Flowered Dogwood—An American species, of spreading, irregular form, growing from 16 to 25 feet high. The flowers produced in spring before the leaves appear are white and very showy. They begin to appear just as the Magnolia flowers are fading. Foliage glossy and handsome, and in the autumn turns to a deep red.



Magnolia Soulangeana

WEEPING OR DROOPING DECIDUOUS TREES

Much attention is now given to this interesting class of trees, and we therefore place them separately for the greater convenience of our friends. For the benefit of those



CUT-LEAF WEEPING BIRCH

unacquainted with their habits, we would say that they should be divided into two separate classes, namely: those which are grafted where the top or head commences to form, as in the case of the Kilmarnock Willow, and those having long, alonder based on the classes. slender branches which droop naturally, like the Cut-leaved Birch; the first assumes that conspicuous, umbrella - like form so well known, and so excellently adapted to planting in cemeteries, small yards and gardens.

Birch Cut-leaved Weeping-(Pendula Laciniata)—Extremely vigorous and hardy. Mr. Scott, in his "Suburban Home Ground," says of it: "No engraving can do it justice; like the palm tree of the tropics, it must be seen in motion, swaying in the lightest breeze, its leaves trembling in the heated summer air, its white bark glistening through the bright foliage and sparkling in the sun, to enable us to form a true impression of its charac-

Ash European Weeping—Excelsior Pendula)—The common, well-known sort; one of the finest lawn and arbor trees, covering a great space and growing rapidly.

Ash Gold Bark Weeping—(Aurea Pendula)—An elegant variety; bark in winter as yellow as gold.

Ash Mountain Weeping — (Aucuparia Pendula)—A beautiful tree, with straggling, weeping branches; makes a fine tree for the lawn; suitable for covering arbors.

Tea's Weeping Mulberry—A weeping variety of the now well-known Russian Mulberry; perfectly hardy in summer and winter; withstands extreme heat and cold, and



Tea's Weeping Mulberry

grows naturally in a very graceful form.

Willow American Weeping—(Purpurea Pendula)—An American dwarf, slender-branched species; grafted five or six feet high, it makes one of the most ornamental of small weeping trees; more hardy than Babylonica.

Willow Kilmarnock Weeping—(Caprea Pendula)—An exceedingly graceful tree, with large glossy leaves; very hardy.

Elm Camperdown Weeping—A vigorous

grower and forms one of the most picturesque drooping trees. Leaves large, dark green and glossy; very desirable.



Kumarnock Weeping Willow

HARDY VARIETIES OF UPRIGHT FLOWERING SHRUBS



DOUBLE FLOWERING ALTHEA

Double Flowering Althea (Rose of Sharon)
-One of the most showy flowering shrubs; strong, erect growing, with large bell-shaped, double flowers of striking color, borne abundantly in August and September when most other shrubs are out of bloom. I offer them in the three colors all being double blossoms.

Double Red—(Rubraa flore pleno).
Double Purple—(Purpurea flore pleno.)
Double White—(Alba flore pleno.)

Calycanthus—(Sweet Scented Shrubs)—Flowers purple, very double and deliciously

Bechtel's Double-Flowering American Crab—(Pyrus Augustfoli.)—A medium sized, hardy ornamental tree of great beauty. When in bloom this tree presents the appearance of being covered with roses, scenting the atmosphere for a long distance with a perfume equal to that of any rose. Unlike many other trees it does not bloom until the leaves are fully developed, which adds greatly to its beauty.

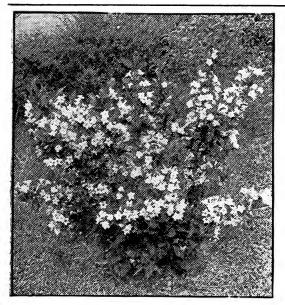
Upright Honey Suckle Tartarian—(White)—Pure white flowers followed by deep red berries, that fill the bush till autumn; very attrac-

Upright Honey Suckle Tartarian— (Pink)—Pink flowers which contrast beautifully with the foliage.

Special Bargain Collection of Althea 4 Bushes for 75 Cents

2 Double Reds, 1 Double Purple, 1 Double White All heavily branched, extra well rooted bushes 21/2 to 4 feet high.

Catalog Price \$1.00 Special Reduced Price 75 Cents



WEIGELA ROSEA

WEIGELAS

Shrubs of erect habit while young, but gradually spreading and drooping as they acquire age. They produce in June and July superb large, trumpetshaped flowers of all shades and colors, from pure white to red. In borders and groups of trees they are very effective, and for margins the variegated-leaved varieties are admirably suited, their gay-colored foliage contrasting finely

with the green of other shrubs.

Weigela Candida (White-flowered Weigela)—Of vigorous habit, an erect grower, becoming in time a large sized shrub; flowers pure white and produced in great profusion in June, and the plants continue to bloom through the summer, even until autumn.

Weigela Eva Rathke—Flowers brilliant crimson; a beautiful, distinct, clear shade.

Weigela Rosea—(Rose-colored Weigela)
—An elegant shrub, with fine rosecolored flowers; of erect, compact
growth; blossoms in June.

Weigela Floribunda (Crimson Weigela)

—The flowers are dark crimson, with white stamps projecting from them, reminding one somewhat of Fuschia flowers. It blooms in the spring with other Weigelas, but if plants are topped off after young growth has been made, they bloom profusely in the fall. One of the best.

Weigela Variegated-Leaved—(Fol. Variegated)—Leaves bordered with yellowish white, finely marked, flowers bright pink.

Snowball Common—(V. opulus)—A well known favorite shrub of large size, with globular clusters of pure white flowers in the latter part of May.

Snowball Largese—(Viburgum, Plicatom)—From North Ching: has very righ deep

Snowball Japanese--(Viburnum Plicatom)-From North China; has very rich deep green foliage, of handsome form and beautiful globular heads of pure white flowers, quite distinct from those of the common sort. A very desirable shrub.

DEUTZIA

This valuable species of plants comes to us from Japan. Their hardiness, luxuriant foliage and profusion of attractive flowers, render them deservedly among the most popular of flowering shrubs. The flowers are produced in June in racemes four to six inches long.

Deutzia Double Flowering—(Crenata)—Flowers double white, tinged with rose. One

of the most desirable flowering shrubs in

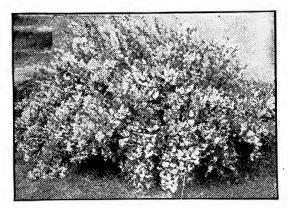
cultivation.

Deutzia Pride of Rochester—A new variety raised from Deutzia Crenata, and exceeding all others in size of flowers, length of panicles, profuseness of bloom and vigorous habit; a charming acquisition to the list of Deutzias.

Deutzia Slender Branched—(Gracilis)—A charming variety introduced by Dr. Siebold. Flowers pure white and so delicate that they are very desirable for decorative purposes.

Deutzia Lemoinei—Flowers pure white, borne on stout branches of upright growth. Dwarf and free flowering.

Tylerville, Penn. Your trees arrived all O. K. I am well pleased with them.—Joe H. Bressler.



Deutzia, Pride of Rochester



SPIRAEA VAN HOUTTEI

SPIRAEAS

A class of low, compact, easily grown flowering shrubs, vigorous and hardy as a class, with blossom periods extending over a wide range of seasons. We offer the fol-

lowing varieties.

Spiraea Anthony Waterer-This beautiful variety has the same habits as its parent, the Blumalda. It blooms about the close of June, continuing throughout the entire season. It is useful for edging, planting in masses, or as a single specimen where a low, búshy shrub is required.

Spiraea Billardii — (Billiard's Spiraea) — Rose colored, blooms nearly all summer.

Spiraea Blumalda—New, and considered one of the finest of this class. Flowers

brilliant pink, with variegated foliage.

Spiraea Bloomii—A charming bush that has large panicles of deep, rose-colored flowers. June and July.

Spiraea Callosa Alba—A white-flowering variety of dwarf habit; very fine, remains in flower all summer.

Spiraea Golden-Leaved—(Foliis Auresis)—A beautiful dwarf plant with golden yellow foliage. It keeps its color the entire season and creates a very pleasing effect among other shrubs.

Spiraea Prunifolia Flore Pleno-A beautiful shrub from Japan, with double white

flowers in May.

Spiraea Van Houttei—(S. Van Houttei)—The most showy of all the Spiraeas, and

one of the very best flowering shrubs in cultivation. The plant is a rather tall, upright grower, with long slender branches that droop gracefully with their weight of foliage and flowers. Flowers pure white, in great clusters and whorls, forming cylindrical plumes two or three feet long. This is one of the hardiest of all the Spiraeas.

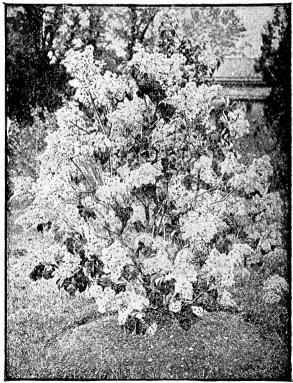
Spiraea Thunbergii — (Thunberg's Spirae D).—Of dwarf habit and rounded, graceful form; branches slender and somewhat drooping; foliage narrow and yellowish green; flowers small, white.

LILACS

Best beloved of all the old time garden shrubs; whose flowers never fail to charm with their delicate beauty or refresh the soul with their tender fragrance. New varieties are occasionally produced, with deeper coloring and larger form, so that our lists present a wide and varied offering.

Lilac, Purple—The well-known variety, one of the best. A good grower; flowers and young wood fragrant; purple.
Lilac, White—A very

desirable contrast to the purple; those who have one should have the other.



PURPLE LILAC



Hardy Bush Hydrangea (Paniculata Grandiflora)—We urge our friends to plant the Hydrangea. Plant it for the followout doors without protection. It is easily transplanted, not one in a thousand dying; It never fails to blossom the first year planted; no matter how small the plant, it immediately buds out in great profusion of flowers, many of them as large as the head of a full grown child. When the specimens first open they are greenish white, later they turn to a pure white, and still later to a delicate pink. The Hydrogen specimens are healf as out healt at least one helf of each season's drangea should be cut back at least one-half of each season's growth in order to get the largest specimens. To get the best results, make the soil rich, it will grow anywhere and in any soil.

Hardy Tree Hydrangea -- One or the finest of hardy shrubs. It forms a graceful and dwarfish tree, not reaching more than eight to ten feet in height, and is extremely effective for lawn decoration, whether standing singly or in masses. HYDRANGEA

The immense trusses of bloom appear at just the time when other flowers are scarce, and last from the first of August until frost comes. It is entirely hardy and very easy to grow.

Prunus Trioba—(Double Flowering Plum)—A highly interesting and desirable addition to hardy shrubs; flowers semi-double, of a delicate pink, upwards of an inch in diameter, thickly set on the long slender branches; native of China; hardy

slender branches; native of China; hardy.
Prunus Pissardi—(Purple-Leaved Plum)—The finest purple-leaved small tree or shrub. The young branches are a very dark purple; the leaves when young are lustrous crimson, changing to a dark purple, and retain this beau-tiful tint till they drop late in autumn; no other purple-leaved tree or shrub retains its color like this. It trans-plants easily and is worthy of wide dissemination. Flowers small, white, single, covering the tree.

Fringe Purple, or Smoke Tree—A very elegant and ornamental large shrub, with curious, hair-like flowers which, being a pinkish brown color, gives it the names "Purple Fringe" and "Smoke Tree." The blossoms are in July, sometimes literally covering the tree and remaining all

Quince, Japan Scarlet—(Cydonia)—Has bright scarlet crimson flowers in great profusion, early spring; one of the best hardy shrubs; makes a beautiful, ornamental



PURPLE FRINGE

Golden Leaved Elder—The best of all the colored shrubs. A plant of this bush in a bed, or a border, or on the lawn, is a conspicuous feature, the

foliage being as yellow as gold.

Eleagnus Longipes. (Japan Oleaster.)—A showy shrub of strong, bushy growth, with silver variegation in the lining of its leaves, which are dark green above. Its fragrant, creamy white blossoms open in April or May; the scarlet, edible fruits hang thickly along its branches and are ripe in July. They make delicious sauces.

Viburnum Opulus. (High Bush Cranberry.)—8 to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, brilliant green foliage; a rich setting for

large bunches of crimson berries which enliven the late summer and persist on bare branches on the winter.

Calycanthus (Carolina Allspice.) — A unique shrub of quick growth, blossoming oddly at the leaf axis in double, spicily fragrant flowers of chocolate red.



GOLDEN ELDER

Hustontown, Pa. We received our trees today and we are certainly well pleased with them. They arrived in fine condition, being on the road twelve days. Are fine trees.—Henry B. Huston



A Bed of Rhododendrons

RHODODENDRON (Rosebay,

This, wherever known, is universally acknowledged to be the most showy, magnificent hardy evergreen shrub that grows. It should be planted in well prepared soil of leaf mould, or leaf mould and muck and peat mixed, and in partial shade. The broad, thick evergreen foliage, with its glossy richness, would alone entitle it to a place formost in the rank of evergreen shrubs, but when in June this luxuriant mass of evergreen foliage is almost hidden by the magnificent array of beautiful flowers in clusters and each cluster large enough for a lady's bouquet it gives it a pre-eminence that our pen would fail to portray. Planted singly, in the flower garden or upon the lawn, they are objects of interest, but their greatest beauty, as in many other plants, can only be fully developed by artistically massing them in beds upon the lawn, when the different colors can be made to blend or contrast at will, producing an effect unrivalled by any other hardy plant in existence. When

A Bed of Rhododendrons

other hardy plant in existence. When soils are too strongly impergnated with lime, the original soil should be removed to a good depth and width where the Rhododendrons are to be planted and the space filled in with leaf mould and peat or muck mixed, or some other soil tolerably free from lime. The plants I offer are strong and bushy, well set with flower buds, and will flower nicely first year in the following colors: pink, purple, red, white.

Syringa—European Fragrant or "Mock Orange"—(Philadelphia Coronarius)—A well-known very hardy shrub, with showy white flowers which are very fragrant.

Syringa Golden-Leaved—(P. Foliis Aureis)—A beautiful new variety with bright yellow foliage which affords pretty contrasts with other shrubs, especially with the purple-

foliage, which affords pretty contrasts with other shrubs, especially with the purple-leaved variety.

Paeonies—(The Queen of Spring Flowers)—The Paeony can be planted in the spring or fall. Very popular everywhere, being very hardy in root and more easily cultivated than many flowering plants. No one need pine after the tender Rhododendron when Paeonies can be had in abundance and in a variety of colors. Their flowers are very lasting; some of them are finely finished and exquisitely colored. Plant in deep, rich, well prepared soil, covering the bulbs but an inch or two. Do not expect too much of them the first year. We plant them in beds and in clumps. They rivel the rose in beauty and fragrance. I

They rival the rose in beauty and fragrance. grow them in the following colors: red, pink, and pink and white, best varieties, strong roots, (that will flower the coming summer.

Gladiolus—This is one of the best bulbs for summer flowering. Its cultivation is very simple as they will thrive in ordinary garden soil. They make a splendid effect when planted among roses, paeonies and shubbery. I offer sel-

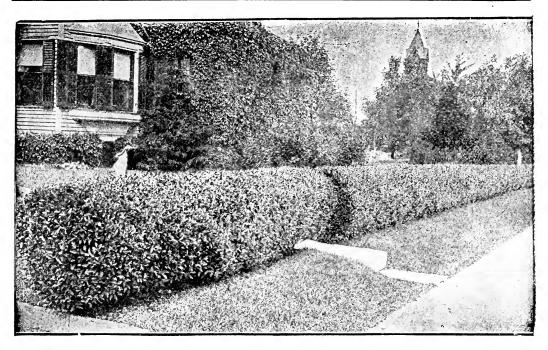
ected bulbs in fine mixed colors.

Perennial Phlox—Finest autumn flowers. Plant roots of the Phlox in fall or spring and those roots will continue to send up flower shoots each spring for twenty years. Plant the Phlox in a row along the border of the roadway, in a hod made up of sound and the photon of the roadway. in a bed made up of several rows, or in a round bed on the lawn, or in shrubbery. It is hardy and succeeds every-where and on all soils. I offer three colors: pink, white and

Received trees in fine shape, am well pleased and thank you for early arrival.—EMERY L. TICE, Mountain Dale, N.Y.



Clump of Paeonies



California Privet Makes the Best Ornamental Hedge

The *Privet* in all its varieties deserves attention as an ornamental plant. It is almost an evergreen, and grows freely in all soils; is compact and regular in its form, and bears shearing to any extent.

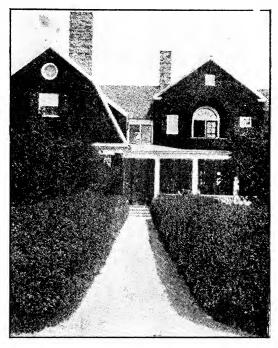
California Privet — A vigorous-growing variety, of fine habit, thick, glossy, nearly evergreen leaves. Of all ornamental hedge plants this is the most highly prized. If cut to the ground one or two years after planting, it makes a very thick hedge right from the bottom, sending up many strong shoots. The leaves are a rich green, and will remain on the plants up to Christmas, and if they are a little sheltered they will keep green almost all winter

and if they are a little sheltered they will keep green almost all winter.

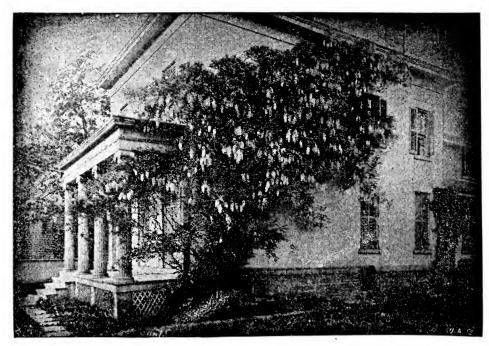
Barberry Thunbergii — From Japan. A beautiful shrub of dwarf habit, not growing more than three feet high; covered with yellow flowers, followed by scarlet fruits on long stems that last nearly all winter. The foliage is dense, green, changing to a coppery red in autumn. It makes a very beautiful and showy hedge.

There is no way that a real estate owner

There is no way that a real estate owner can add more to the value of his home or property than by setting out roses, shrubbery and flowering plants. A well planted lawn bespeaks refinement and taste, even in a greater degree than the furnishings inside the house. If the lawn or yard is well planted it adds to the comforts of the home, and here is the point of chief interest—you can usually judge the character of the people inside the house by the way the outside looks.



A Hedge of Barberry Thunbergii



CHINESE PURPLE WISTARIA

Wistaria Chinese Purple--(Sinensis)—A most beautiful climber of rapid growth, and producing long, pendulous clusters of pale blue flowers. When well established makes an

enormous growth; it is very hardy and one of the most superb vines ever introduced.

Wistaria Chinese White—(Sinensis Alba)
—Introduced by Mr. Fortune, from China, and regarded as one of his greatest acquisitions. Rather tender.

Virginia Creeper (American Ivy) — The good hardy native American Ivy. Fine for trellises where a rapid growing vine is needed.

Trumpet Flower—A grand old favorite, hardy climbing plant, with large, trumpet shaped, scarlet blossoms in August.

Hall's Japan Honeysuckle—An almost evergreen honeysuckle of the greatest value, being hardy and of strong growth. The flowers are fragrant, of a pure white changing to yellow.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Boston Ivy)—This is one of the most beautiful ivies and the latest acquisition. It is a rapid grower and clings tenaciously to brick or stone walls, requiring no artificial fastening or training.

Clematis, Henryii—Large flowered, pure white.

Clematis, Jackmanii—Very large, deep purple.

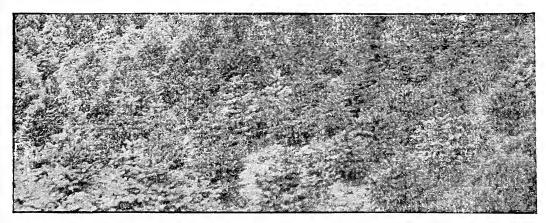
Clematis, Madam Eduard Andre—Flowers a little smaller than last; deep, rich wine color.

Clematis, Paniculata—Covered with small white blossoms in late summer.



EVERGREEN TREES

Evergreens are very desirable, but they are difficult to transplant, and both the time and manner of transplanting should be looked to. They should never be set in the fall after the growth of other trees has ceased. They may be set in Spring, or after they have started in May; but they should be subjected to as little exposure as possible and be set with great care.



Spruce Norway-A lofty, elegant tree of perfect, pyramidal habit, remarkably elegant and rich, and as it gets age has fine, pendulous graceful branches; it is exceedingly picturesque and beautiful. Very popular, and deservedly so, and should be largely planted. One of the best evergreens for hedges.

planted. One of the best evergreens for hedges.

Spruce Colorado Blue—A rare, elegant tree with foliage of rich blue. One of the most distinct and striking of all the spruce family. A free grower and perfectly hardy.

Arbor Vitae American—This is one of the very finest evergreens for hedges. It is very hardy, and if set at the proper time with care and without undue exposure, it may be relied upon to live; but small plants twelve to eighteen inches high, which have been transplanted several times, are preferable. It bears shearing better than any other variety, and may be made a beautiful and dense hedge or screen to divide grounds, or for any purpose where it is not required to resist cettle or other animals.

for any purpose where it is not required to resist cattle or other animals.

Juniper Irish—Very erect and tapering in its growth, forming a column of deep green foliage; a pretty little tree or shrub, and for its beauty and hardiness is a general

favorité.

Pine Austrian or Black—A remarkably robust, hardy, spreading tree; leaves long,

stiff and dark green; growth rapid; valuable for this country.

Pine Scotch—A fine robust, rapid growing tree, with stout, erect shoots and silver green foliage. Pine White—The most ornamental of all our native pines; foliage light, delicate or

silvery green; flourishes in the poorest soil.

Pine Silver Fir Balsam-Leaves dark green above, silvery beneath, retaining their color during the severest winter; grows rapidly and is very hardy.

Demand for Our Trees Growing from Year to Year

It is noticeable that the nursery business of Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries has dily grown from year to year. The business has now reached such proportions steadily grown from year to year. The business has now reached such proportions that it is necessary for the firm to bend every effort to make the supply equal the deof this firm's business the answer would come from the cause of the rapid growth of this firm's business the answer would come from the customers, scattered all over the United States and far into the dominion of Canada, who have from time to time placed orders with the firm. And the answer would be that this firm has not only been prompt in filling its orders, but that the trees shipped have proved true to name, and have been of that vigorous growth that has given fame to the nursery business in the Genesee Valley.

DON'T BE DECEIVED

It is J. H. Sheerin's Trees that Have Pleased His Patrons Who Established SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES IN 1899

Shiekshinny, Pa.,
Apr. 24, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries,

Dansville, N. Y.

Your trees received in excellent condition, and were of a quality exceeding anything I ever saw for the price.

John D. Belles.

Wheeling, W. Va.,

May 16, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries,

Dansville, N. Y.

All the trees you sent me last fall are coming out nicely this spring. I never saw healthier or nicer looking trees.

J. A. Cox.

Bearsville, N. Y.

Apr. 13, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Your trees received all in good shape. Am satisfied in every way. They are just as good as I have paid agents \$1.00 apiece for.

Lewis Harder.

Schaefferstown, Pa.,

Apr. 16, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Once again I am well pleased with the trees you shipped me this spring. Two years ago I bought some peach and pear trees from you. Last summer one of the pear trees had three good sized pears, and we also had a few peaches.

Words cannot express how I appreciate your kindness in filling my orders.

Wm. B. Mann.

Blasdell, N. Y.,

May 18, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

My order of trees came on Saturday. They were in first class condition and I am much pleased.

Assuring you that you will receive my future patronage, Anthony Benzinger.

Cumberland, Md.,

Apr. 17, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Received my trees today. They are in first-class condition. Am very much pleased with them.

Three years ago I ordered 300 trees from you and they surely do look fine. They are the finest trees I ever had.

A. N. Rice.

Marlboro, N. H.,

May 14, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

I wish to express my appreciation of the fine trees you sent me.

I was agreeably surprised to the size and quality and the excellent condition. I shall be pleased to recommend your firm to any of my neighbors and friends.

E. Pierce.

Lake Odessa, Mich., Nov. 15, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries,

Dansville, N. Y.

I take great pleasure to inform you that the three hundred trees purchased of you last spring are all alive and have made a remarkable growth.

Andrew Shellenbarger.

Toledo, Ohio, May 5, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Received my order of trees and vines. All O. K. They are immense and I will remember you in the future.

A. E. Becker.

Medway, Mass., May 11, '14

Sheerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

Trees reached me in good condition. Am very much pleased with them. I will recommend your stock to all my neighbors.

C. W. Nordshon, Sr.

A few of the many hundred satisfied patrons of 1914 that I had the pleasure of supplying.

No Late Shipments This Spring

We have heeled in frost proof cellars 200,000 trees; we have these for early shipments west of the Mississippi river. Heretofore we had to dig and ship these orders first, before we could ship to points east of the Mississippi. This spring we will have all these shipments off our hands in March. Customers living in the South or Far West can now get their goods from us in good season for planting, as we can ship them at any time in paper-lined boxes.

To all customers living east of the Mississippi river we will say: we will ship you Fresh-dug Trees at any date you say after March 15, or sooner if you so desire. Don't hesitate to place your order on account of late shipments, we will ship all orders at least three weeks

earlier than last season.

When is the Best Time to Order?

Order now. Place your order as early as you can make out your list in the spring. Every customer wants his goods shipped as early as possible. Every order is dated as received and we ship in rotation as received. If you place your order early you have the privilege of having your stock shipped early. We offer you every inducement to order early. See paragraph below. Secure varieties now; pay in spring. We offer you extra discount for early orders.

Secure Varieties Now—Pay in the Spring

If you want to secure certain varieties of trees and have not the ready cash to pay for the same, send us your order accompanied by a small remittance, just enough to show us you mean business, say one-fourth of the amount of your order, and we will book your orders and hold them for you until such times as you may want them shipped, when you can remit the balance. Orders placed with us early have the privilege of being shipped early if desired. Ordering trees is like going to mill, every one must wait his turn.

Our Trees Are the Finest Grown

It is an established fact that in no other part of the country do fruit trees attain the perfection of those grown in Dansville and vicinity. Not one nurseryman in a thousand buds or grafts his own trees as we do. Our trees are grown and cared for by men who have been employed in nursery work for years. They know how and do turn out the finest fruit trees possible. Our stock is all first class of the different sizes as specified. We do not handle any second class trees. All poor trees or culls go into the brush heap. There never has been any San Jose Scale found in or near our nurseries. Our trees are inspected by state authorities every year.

Sheerin's Special Garden Collections



Sheerin's Rose Collection No. 1.

10 Roses, 2 Year, Catalogue Price \$2.75

Special Bargain Price \$2.35

1 Tree Rose any color desired, 2 Paul Neyron, 1 Margaret Dickson, 1 Persian Yellow, 1 P. C. DeRohan, 1 Magna Charta, 1 Frau Karl Druschki, 1 Crimson Rambler, 1 Dorothy Perkins Every garden should have one or more of these collections.

10 Roses Worth \$2.75 for \$2.35

Sheerin's Grape Collection No. 2 10 Strong, 2 Year Vines for 85 Cents

2 Worden, 2 Concord, 1 Campbell Early, 2 Niagara, 1 Brighton, 1 Chas. A. Green, 1 Delaware. All strictly First Class 2 Year

10 Vines, Special Bargain Price, 85 Cents.





Sheerin's Peach Tree Collection No. 3 10 Trees, 4 to 5 Feet, for 98 Cents

2 Elberta, 2 Carman, 2 Niagara, 2 Late Crawford, 2 Ey. Crawford All strictly first class, largest size trees, 4 to 5 feet high.

10 Peach Trees, Special Bargain Price, 98 Cents

Sheerin's Cherry Tree Collection No. 4 5 Trees, 5 to 6 Feet High for 95 Cents

1 Montmorency, 1 Early Richmond, 1 English Morello, 1 Bing, 1 Napoleon

All strictly first class trees, 2 year, 5 to 6 feet high.

5 Cherry Trees, Special Bargain Price 95 Cents





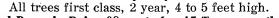
Sheerin's Apple Tree Collection No. 5 10 Trees, 5 to 7 Feet for \$1.45

1 McIntosh, 1 Wealthy, 1 Baldwin, 1 Banana, 1 Yellow Trans., 1 Wagener, 1 Duchess, 1 York Imperial, 1 King, 1 Hub. Nonsuch All strictly first class trees, 2 year, 5 to 7 feet high.

10 Apple Trees, Special Bargain Price \$1.45

Sheerin's Home Garden Collection No. 6 15 Trees and Plants Worth \$2.00 for 98 Cents

1 Niagara Peach, 1 Elberta Peach, 1 English Morello, 1 Montmorency Cherry, 1 McIntosh, 1 Delicious Apple, 1 Bartlett, 1 Seckel Pear, 1 Abundance, 1 Burbank Plum, 1 1 Niagara Grape, 1 Concord Grape, 3 St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry



Special Bargain Price 98 cents for 15 Trees worth \$2.00



When ordering your trees why not order a collection of Roses—they will beautify your home, make your wife, daughter and yourself happy. Order by number. No discount allowed on these collections.

ORDER SHEET

SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES

Dansville, N. Y.

Established by J. H. Sheerin

Please	e send the following by(Freight or Express)	to the address of					
Name		P. O. Order \$					
Post Offi	ce	Draft					
County		Cash					
		Total					
Be sure t	o give the name of Express Office if desired by Express our Post Office.	s; or Freight Station if desired by	y Freight.				
		t Station					
	Co. Railros: Is safe when made by Bank Draft Express Money Ord						
Quantity	Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size or Age Pr	ice				
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ORDER SHEET

SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES

Dansville, N. Y.

Quantity	Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size or Age	Price
		.†	
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•••••			
			<u> </u>
	Below are the addresses of friends interested in	Fruit Growin	g
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Price List for 1915

APPLES AND CRAB APPLES

Our Apples are budded on whole roots of imported French grown apple stocks. These trees are entirely free from Woolly Aphis and Root Gall.

2 Year Trees	Each	10	100
6 to 7 feet, 3/4 and up	\$.18	\$1.50	\$11.50
5 to 6 feet, 5% to 34	15	1.30	8.75
4 to 5 feet, ½ to 58			6.00
3½ to 4 feet, branched			4.75
1 year trees, largest size,			
4 to 6 feet	18	1.35	11.00

VARIETIES—Summer

Early Harvest Carolina Red June Fanny Golden Sweet

Red Astrachan Sweet Bough Tetofsky Yellow Transparent

Autumn

Alexander Autumn Strawberry Duchess of Oldenburg Fameuse Fall Pippin Gravenstein Longfield Maiden Blush Rambo Red Bietigheimer Walter Pease Wealthy

Winter

Arkansas Black Bailey Sweet Baldwin Baxter Ben Davis Bismarck Boiken Canada Red Delicious Fallawater Gano Gilliflower Grimes' Golden Golden Russet Hubbardston Tonathan King Mammoth Black Twig Mann McIntosh Red Newtown Pippin Northern Spy

Northwest Greening
Pewaukee
R. I. Greening
Rome Beauty
Roxbury Russet
Salome
Seek-No-Further
Smith's Cider
Smokehouse
Spitzenburg
Stark
Stayman's Winesap
Sutton Beauty
Talman Sweet
Twenty Ounce
Wagener
Walbridge
Walker Beauty
Winter Banana
Winesap
Yellow Belleflower
York Imperial

CRABS

General Grant Hyslop Transcendent Whitney

DWARF APPLES, 2 YEAR

					E	ach	10
4	to to	5 4	feet,	5/8 1/2	and up\$.35	\$3.00 2.50

VARIETIES

Alexander Baldwin Banana Bismarck Duchess Fameuse Grimes' Golden King McIntosh Northern Spy Red Astrachan Sutton Beauty

PEACHES

Our peach seed is all gathered for its in the mountains of Tennessee and North Carolina where disease is unknown. We grow 300,000 peaches here in Dansville annually. These trees are hardy and well matured and will stand our cold northern winters. They are far superior to the southern grown trees usually handled by some retail firms.

				Each	10	100
to	5	feet,	7-16 to 9-16	.15	1.15	8.00
					.90	5.00
to	3	feet,	branched	.09	.75	4.00
	to to	to 5 to 4	to 5 feet, to 4 feet,	to 6 feet, 9-16 and up	to 6 feet, 9-16 and up\$.18	

VARIETIES

	VANI	LIILS
Admiral Dewey		Gold Drop
Alexander, Early		Greensboro
Barnard's Early		Hilev
Beer's Smock		Hill's Chili
Belle of Georgia		Kalamazoo
Carman		Mathew's Beauty
Chair's Choice		Niagara
Champion		Old Mixon Free
Crawford Early		Salway
Crawford Late		Smock Free
Crosby		Sneed
Early Canada		Stump the World
Early Rivers		Triumph -
Elberta		Wager
Engle's Mammoth		Willett
Fitzgerald		Wonderful
Foster		Yellow St. John
Fox Seedling		

STANDARD PEAR, 2 YEAR

Budded on whole roots of imported French stocks. These trees are exceptionally well rooted. We have a good supply of Bartlett and Kieffer.

				F	Each	10	100
6	to	7	feet,	34 and up\$.23	\$2.00	\$19.00
5	to	6	feet,	5/8 to 3/4	.20	1.75	15.00
4	to	5	feet,	1/2 to 5/8	.15	1.25	11.00
3	to	4	feet,	branched	.10	1.00	8.00

VARIETIES

APRICOTS ON PLUM ROOTS, 2 YEAR

						E	ach	10	100
4	to	5	feet,	5/8	to	3/4\$.23	\$2.00	\$16.50
3	to	4	feet,	1/2	to	5/8	.18	1.40	11.50

VARIETIES

Alexander Alexis Gibb J. L. Budd Moorpark Harris

SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNT on Early Orders

12%

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SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES, Dansville, N. Y.

12%

Price List for 1915

	TITCC TIP	C TOT TAT			
CH	ERRY	VARIETIES	OF DWARF P	EAR.	
Heart and Bigarr	eau (Sweet), 2 Year	Bartlett	Kieffer		
c . 7 C . 2/ 1	Each 10 100	Clapp's Favorite Beurre d'Anjou	Lawrence		
6 to 7 feet, 34 and up	\$.29 \$2.60 \$24.00 24 2.30 20.00	Duchess	Seckel Wilder		
6 to 7 feet, 34 and up 5 to 6 feet, 58 to 34 4 to 5 feet, 1/2 to 58		Flemish Beauty			
	IETIES	PLUMS AND	PRUNES, 2	YEAR	
Allen	Governor Wood	Budded on 1	French Plum	Roots	
Bing Black Heart	Lambert	6 to 7 feet 3/ and un	Each		100
Black Heart	Napoleon Bigarreau	6 to 7 feet, 34 and up 5 to 6 feet, 58 to 34		$\frac{$2.40}{2.00}$	\$18.00 14.00
Coe's Transparent Downer's Late Red	Schmidt's Bigarreau Windsor	5 to 6 feet, 5% to 34 4 to 5 feet, ½ to 5% 3 to 4 feet, branched		1.50	9.00
Black Tartarian	Yellow Spanish			1.10	7.00
Elton		1	VARIETIES		
CH	ERRY	Abundance Burbank	October P Satsuma	urple	
Duke and More	llo (Sour), 2 Year	Chabot	Wickson		
	Each 10 100	Climax	Red June		
6 to 7 feet, 34 and up	\$.25 \$2.40 \$22.00 20 1.90 17.00	EUROPEA	AN VARIETII	ES	
5 to 6 feet, 5% to 34 4 to 5 feet, ½ to 5% 3 to 4 feet, branched VAR.	15 1.30 12.00	Beauty of Naples	Pond Seed Moore's A Shipper's	lling	
3 to 4 feet, branched	12 1.00 9.00	Bradshaw Coe's Gold Drop	Moore's A	retie	
		Diamond	Smopsume	Damson	1
Baldwin Dye House	May Duke Montmorency	Fellemberg	Spaulding Tatge	_	
Early Richmond	Olivet	French Damson German Prune	Tennant P	rune	
Empress Eugenie English Morello	Ostheime Reine Hortense	Gueii	Thanksgivi	ng Priit	ne
Late Duke	Vladimer	Imperial Gage Grand Duke	Yellow Eg	g	
Louis Phillipe	Wragg	Green Gage	Yellow Eg Yellow Ga York State	Prune	
Cherry Budded on	French Mazzard Roots	Monarch			
	Each 10 100		NA VARIETII		
6 to 7 feet, 34 and up	\$.35 \$3.20 \$28.00	De Soto Wolfe	Forest Gar Wyant	den	
6 to 7 feet, ¾ and up 5 to 6 feet, ⅓ to ¾ 4 to 5 feet, ½ to ⅓			•		
	ETIES	KASI	PBERRIES 10 25	100	1000
Baldwin	Lambert	Columbia	\$.45 \$.60	\$1.50	\$13.50
Bing	Montmorency	Cuthbert Cumberland	35 .50 35 .50	1.20 1.45	$10.00 \\ 13.50$
Early Richmond English Morello	Napoleon Bigarreau Schmidt's Bigarreau	Diamond	35 .50	1.45	13.50
Governor Wood	Windsor	Gregg Haymaker	35 .50 40 .75	$\frac{1.45}{2.00}$	$13.50 \\ 15.00$
Dye House	Yellow Spanish	Herbert	40 .75	3.00	20.00
	, 2 YEAR	Loudon		2.00	15.00
We are large growers	of Quince and offer an ex- healthy, well rooted trees ch Angers Quince stocks.	Marlboro St. Regis	40 .60 50 1.00	$\frac{1.30}{2.25}$	$10.00 \\ 19.00$
ceptionally fine lot of	healthy, well rooted trees	Ohio	35 .50	1.50	13.50
grown on imported French	Each 10 100	Plum Farmer Shaffer's Colossal	35 .50 35 .50	$\frac{1.50}{1.50}$	13.50 13.50
5 to 6 feet, 5/8 and up	\$.25 \$2.30 \$17.00		KBERRIES	1.00	10.50
5 to 6 feet, 5% and up 4 to 5 feet, ½ to 5% 3 to 4 feet, branched	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	BLAC	10	100	1000
	ETIES	Agawam Ancient Briton	\$.40	\$1.40	\$17.00
Bourgeat	Missouri Mammoth	Blowers	75	2.50 2.50	19.00 19.00
Champion	Orange	Erie	50	1.80	17.00
Meech's Prolific	Rea's Mammoth	Early Harvest Eldorado		$\frac{1.80}{2.50}$	17.00 19.00
	AR, 2 YEAR	Lawton	40	1.70	19.00
Strong, healthy trees	budded on whole roots of Quince stocks.	Mersereau Minnewaski Rathbun		1.70	19.00
	Each 10 100 l	Rathbun		$\frac{2.50}{1.90}$	$\frac{19.00}{17.00}$
4 to 6 feet, 34 and up	\$.20 \$1.75 \$15.50	Snyder Taylor's Prolific		1.90	14.00
4 to 6 feet, 3/4 and up 3 to 4 feet, 5/8 to 3/4 2 to 3 feet, 1/2 to 5/8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Taylor's Prolific Wilson Early		$\frac{1.40}{1.90}$	$12.00 \\ 14.00$
					11.00
SPECIAL	CASH DISC	COUNT on	Early	Ord	lers

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SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES, Dansville, N. Y.

Price List for 1915

DEWBERRIES		Golden Prolific 15 1.20 9.50	70.00
Lucretia, Premo and Austin\$.40 \$1.70	1000 \$18.00	Houghton	70.00
	\$10.00	Red Jacket	75.00
STRAWBERRIES		2 1.10 10.00	
Several acres of fine plants, grown for the alone. These plants are all grown for us Co., N. Y., and can be shipped direct from We have the Wells Fargo, National, Americ Medams Express Companies to ship over and press Companies will now ship plants at a re	in Erie there. an and the Ex-	GRAPES—Strong 2 Year No. 1 We have several acres devoted to the gro Grape Vines. Write us for prices on 1,000 1 carload. We can make you as low prices reliable nursery in the United States.	ots or a
of 20% from merchandise rates. We advise	spring	Each 10 100	1000
Bubach (P)	1000 \$ 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 6.50 5.00 6.50 5.00 6.50	Agawam \$ 10 \$ 80 \$5.00 Brighton 10 75 5.00 Campbell's Early 15 1.20 11.00 Concord 10 75 4.50 Catawba 10 75 6.00 Champion 10 75 5.00 Delaware 10 75 5.00 Early Ohio 15 1.10 9.50 Eaton 20 1.50 12.00 Empire State 14 1.20 11.00 Gaertner, Rogers 14 15 1.25 10.00 Goethe, Rogers 11 15 1.25 10.00 Green Mountain 18 1.40 11.50 Hartford 10 .75 7.00 Herbert, Rogers 44 20 1.50 12.00 Isabella 10 .75 4.50 Lindley, Rogers 9 10 .75 7.00	\$ 35.00
Stevens' Late Champion	5.00 5.00 5.00 100 \$ 5.00 5.00 5.00	McPike .25 2.00 15.00 Moore's Early .10 .75 5.00 Moore's Diamond .10 .75 5.00 Moyer .10 .75 7.50 Niagara .10 .75 5.00 Pocklington .10 .75 5.00 Salcm, Rogers 22 .10 .75 5.00 Vcrgennes .10 .75 6.00 Wilder, Rogers 4 .10 .75 6.00 Woodruff Red .10 .75 7.50 Worden .10 .75 5.00 Wyoming Red .10 .75 5.00	45.00
Each 10 100	1000	HEDGE PLANTS	
Black Champion \$.10 \$.75 \$4.50 Black Victoria .10 .75 4.50 Cherry, Red .10 .75 4.50 Fay's Prolific, Red .10 .75 4.50 London Market, Red .10 .75 4.50	\$37.50 37.50 37.50 37.50 37.50	Privet, Calif., 18 to 24 inches.\$.50 \$3.50 Privet, Calif., 2 to 3 feet	1000 \$30.00 40.00 100 \$15.00
La Versailles, Red10 .75 4.50	37.50	NUT TREES	
Perfection, Red .15 1.00 9.00 Red Cross .10 ° .75 4.50 Victoria Red .10 .75 4.50 Wilder, Re4 .10 .75 4.50 White Grape .10 .75 4.50	37.50 37.50 37.50 37.50	Each 10 Butternut, 4 to 5 feet	100 \$
GOOSEBERRIES—2 Yr. No. 1 Each 10 100 Chautauqua \$.25 \$2.00 \$ Columbus .20 1.80 15.00 Downing .15 1.10 9.00	1000 \$ 75.00	Chestnut, Spanish, 3 to 4 feet	30.00 25.00 30.00 25.00

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SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES, Dansville, N. Y.

Price List for 1915

MULBERRIES	Cach	10	WEEPING TREES Each	10 100
Downing, 4 to 5 feet\$ New American, 4 to 5 feet Russian, 4 to 5 feet Russian, 3 to 4 feet	.50 S .50 .35	\$4.00 4.00 2.50 2.00	Birch, Cut-leaf, 4 to 5 feet\$.50 \$4 Elm, Camperdown	.50
•			CLIMBING VINES Each	10 100
ASPARAGUS, RHUBARB SAGE ANI	о ног	RSE-	Ampelopsis (Boston Ivy)\$.35 \$3	3.00
RADISH	00 1	1000	Wistaria, Purple	.00 .00
		1000	Clematis, Henryii, White 50 4	.00
moth White, Conover's Colossal,				1.00 1.00
Barr's Mammoth, Columbian Mammoth White, Conover's Colossal, Donald's Elmira, Giant Argenteuii and Palmetto, 2 year	00 \$	6.00	Honeysuckle, Hall's	3.00
		100		3.00 3.00
Early Scarlet and Linneaus,2	10	100		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
year, Rhubarb\$.12 \$1	.00 \$	5.00	UPRIGHT AND DECIDUOUS TH	REES
		- 1	Each	10 100
ROSES			Beech, Purple leaved, 2-3 feet \$.75 Catalpa, Bungeii, 6 to 8 feet 1.00 Catalpa, Speciosa, 5 to 6 feet40 Catalpa, Speciosa, 4 to 5 feet30 Dogwood, Am. White, 2 to 3 ft50 Elm, Am. White, 6 to 8 feet35 Elm, Am. White, 8 to 10 feet50	
Two Year, Strong Field Grow	'n	ì	Catalpa, Speciosa, 5 to 6 feet40 \$3	3.50
·		100	Catalpa, Speciosa, 4 to 5 feet	2.50
		20.00	Elm, Am. White, 6 to 8 feet35	3.00 \$25.00
Tree Roses, all colors, 5-6 ft45	1.00			1.50 35.00
			to 6 feet	
PAEONIES	10		to 6 feet	
Each Assorted Colors\$.35	10	ļ	T:3 A : () O () FO /	4.00
Assorted Colors 4.05 40			Maple, Ash Leaf, 6 to 8 feet40	3.50
TITLE STATEMENT OF MISSIGNE	- D-C			5.00 4.00
UPRIGHT FLOWERING SHRU Each	10	100	Maple, Norway, 5 to 6 feet40	3.50
		18.00	Maple, Scarlet, 6 to 8 feet75 Maple, Sugar or Rock, 6 to 8 ft .60	5.00
Azalea Mollis			Maple, Sugar or Rock, 8 to 10	1
Barberry, Europ., 15 to 18 in., .35 2	3.00 2.50		Maple, Silver, 10 to 12 feet50	6.00 4.00 30.(
Calycanthus, 18 to 24 inches30	2.50		Maple, Silver, 8 to 10 feet40	3.00 20.0
Crab, Bechtel's, 3 to 5 feet	2.00		Maple, Silver, 6 to 8 feet30 2 Maple, Wier's Cut Leaf, 6 to	2.00 17.
Cornus, Red Br., 2 to 3 feet25	2.00 2.00		8 feet	5.00 4.00
Deutzia, 2 to 3 feet	2.00		Mountain Ash, Europ., 6 to 8 ft50 Poplar, Carolina, 10 to 12 feet25	200 17/1
Golden Elder, 2 to 3 feet35 Honeysuckle, Upright, 2 to 3 ft35	2.50		Poplar, Carolina, 8 to 10 feet20 Poplar, Carolina, 6 to 8 feet15	1.75 150
Eleangus Longpipes, 2 to 3 feet .35	3.00			2.00 150
	3.00 3.00		Thorn, Dbl. White, Pink and Paul Scarlet, 3 to 4 feet40	3.00
Hydrangea, P. G., 18 to 24 in25	2.00		Tadi Scarici, V to 1 rect	0.00
Lilac Purple and White 25	4.50 2.00		EVERGREENS	114
Plum, Prunus, Triloba, 3.4 ft50 Plum, Prunus Pissardi, 4.5 ft50 Quince, Japan Scarlet			Fach	10 0 0
Ouince, Japan Scarlet	2.00		Arbor Vitae, Amer., 10 to 12 in.\$.20 \$	1.50 \$ 0 8
Rhododendrons, 3 feet 1.50 12	2.00		Arbor Vitae, Amer., 15 to 18 in30	2.00 \$ 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Snowball, Common, 3 feet\$.40 \$. Snowball, Japanese, 2 to 3 feet .50 Spireas, all varieties, 2 to 3 feet .25	3.00		Pine, Austrian, 18 to 24 inches50	T.00
Spireas, all varieties, 2 to 3 feet .25	2.00		Pine, Scotch, 18 to 24 inches40	3.00 4.00
Syringa, or Mock Orange25 Syringa, 4 varieties, 2 to 3 feet .35	2.00 3.00		Spruce, Colo. Blue, 15 to 18 in. 1.25	7.00
Weigela, in variety, 2 to 3 feet25	2.00			1.50 2.0 2.00 5.0 Com
Weigela, variegated, 2 to 3 feet .30	2.50		Spruce, Norway, 18 to 24 menes .23	- Celi
SPECIAL CASH	n	TC	COIINT on Early (Dreer lians

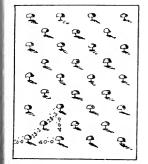
SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNT on Early Ores

12%

On all orders reaching me on or before Mar. 15th, 1915, I will allow a special cash discount of TWELVE per cent. On all orders after Mar. 15th, 1915, a SIX per cent discount will be allowed.

SHEERIN'S WHOLESALE NURSERIES, Dansville, N. Y.

It is a pleasure to plant Sheerin's Fresh Dug Trees.



How to plant with Fillers

DOUBLE PLANTING AND **FILLERS**

There are few farmers who care to or can afford to plant an orchard, cultivate, prune and fertilize it properly without getting back some returns for the investment and labor before the trees produce profitable crops. This difficulty may be overcome by growing shorter lived fruits such as raspberries, strawberries, currants, gooseberries, or such annual cultivated crops as corn, beans, potatoes, or peas, among the trees. If such a plan is adopted, the owner should realize that he must make greater efforts to

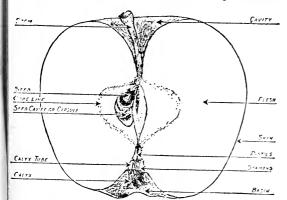


How to plant without Filler

conserve the moisture and fertility of the soil, or his orchard will permanently suffer. The planting of bush fruits is seldom advisable in a large commercial orchard, for they interfere so seriously in so many orchard operations, especially spraying. The using of fillers or early bearing and maturing varieties should not be undertaken by any except those who are determined and willing to remove them when they begin to crowd the

permanent trees, or when the permanent trees come into full bearing.

Pears should seldom be planted among apples, as they require radically different methods of cultivation. Peaches or plums are being largely used as fillers, and with



THE "ANALYSIS OF AN APPLE."

considerable success on favorable locations. Their usefulness is about over at 12 or 15 years, but even if not, they should be removed for convenience in caring for the orchard and to avoid crowding the permanent trees.

If apples are to be used as fillers, such early varieties as Wagener, Grimes, Duchess, Wealthy, or Yellow Transparent, may be used, and then it would be well to plant the permanent trees somewhat farther apart than common.

MIXED PLANTING

Many varieties will not bear well when planted alone, or in large blocks. This is because they require the pollen from blossoms of other varieties. Inasmuch

as all varieties benefit by cross pollina-ion, it is a good thing to plant four or five rows of one variety and then four or five ows of another, and so on. If the orchardist finds his trees barren from lack of crossollination, he may graft every fourth or fifth tree of every fifth row to some variety aving commercial value, blossoming at the same time and having an affinity for the arren variety.

PLANTING TABLE

Number of trees required per acre planted by square system:

111	5 6 8 10 10	ft. ft. ft. ft. ft.	X X X X	5 6 8 10 12	ft	12 15 16 18	ft. ft. ½ft. ft.	x 1: x 1: x 1: x 1: x 1:	2 ft	242 135 160 135	28 : 30 : 33 : 35 :	ft. : ft. : ft. :	x 28 x 30 x 33 x 35	ft ft ft ft	55 50 40 35
	10	ft.	X X	12 20	ft 363 ft 217	20	ft.	$\times 20$	0 ft 4 ft	108	40	ft.	k 40	ft	27

[1,1]Certificate: - This is to certify that the stock in the nursery of Sheerin's Wholesale Nur-Series, of Dansville, County of Livingston, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law and it was found to be parently free from any contagious or infectious disease, or diseases, or the San Jose cale or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September CALVIN J. HUSON.

Dated Albany, N. Y., Sept. 1st., 1914.

Commissioner of Agriculture.

eerin's Wholesale Nurseries, Dansville, N.Y.

